

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO BUILD

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P 30

Street No. 1515-24 Lot 5/4 Cor 1 Block 3117-2

Owner J. L. Limer Address 3117-2

Architect _____ Address _____

Contractor Om Address _____

Kind of Building framing by

Foundation Brick - 24"

Permit 333
Date <u>6/18/25</u>
District <u>2</u>

	Girders		Span		Mud Sills	
	1st Floor	2nd Floor	3rd Floor	4th Floor	5th Floor	6th Floor
Jolts	2x8 @ 16" Cds + install Limer flat					
Max. Span	2x4 @ 5' Pr. Flat					
Bearing Partitions	2x4 @ 16"					
Non Bearing Partitions	2x4 @ 16"					
Story Height	8'6"					
Outside Walls	2x4 evaluate for 8' work					
Celling Jolts	Span					
Roof	Rafters					
Water Heater	Chimney					
Size of Building—Length	Width		Height			

It is hereby agreed that this building will be constructed in conformity with the Ordinances of the City of Sacramento and the Laws of the State of California.

ESTIMATED COST, \$ 7000

J. L. Limer
Owner or Owner's Representative

1 Plans must be submitted

1. The first step in the process of identifying a problem is to define the problem clearly. This involves identifying the symptoms and the underlying causes of the problem. Once the problem is defined, the next step is to gather information about the problem. This can be done through research, interviews, and observation. The information gathered should be used to identify the root cause of the problem.

2. The second step in the process of identifying a problem is to analyze the information gathered. This involves identifying the key factors that are contributing to the problem and determining the relationships between these factors. This can be done through a process of critical thinking and analysis. The goal is to identify the root cause of the problem and to determine the best way to address it.

3. The third step in the process of identifying a problem is to develop a plan of action. This involves identifying the steps that need to be taken to address the problem and determining the resources that will be needed to implement the plan. The plan should be developed in a way that is realistic and achievable. It should also be flexible enough to allow for changes if needed.

4. The fourth step in the process of identifying a problem is to implement the plan. This involves putting the plan into action and monitoring the progress. It is important to track the progress of the plan and to make adjustments as needed. This can be done through regular communication and reporting.

5. The fifth step in the process of identifying a problem is to evaluate the results. This involves assessing the effectiveness of the plan and determining whether the problem has been resolved. This can be done through a process of evaluation and reflection. The goal is to determine what worked and what did not work, and to use this information to improve future problem-solving efforts.