

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO BUILD

25
25
u
v.

Street No. 2117-25 Lot N 1/4 E 8 Block 25

Owner A J Schendorf Address 2117-24

Architect _____ Address _____

Contractor O. ... Address _____

Kind of Building ...

Foundation _____

Permit
762
Date
8/17/55
District
1

Posts	Girder		Span		Mud Sills	
	1st Floor	2nd Floor	3rd Floor	4th Floor	5th Floor	6th Floor
Jolsts						
Max. Span	Enlarged					
Bearing Partitions						
Non Bearing Partitions	3 ft. ...					
Story Height						
Outside Walls						
Ceiling Joists	Span					
Roof	Rafters					
Water Heater	Chimney					
Size of Building—Length			Width		Height	

It is hereby agreed that this building will be constructed in conformity with the Ordinances of the City of Sacramento and the Laws of the State of California.

ESTIMATED COST, \$ 40

A J Schendorf
Owner or Owner's Representative.

Plans must be submitted

1. The first step in the process of identifying a problem is to recognize that a problem exists. This is often done by comparing current performance to a desired state or goal.

2. Once a problem is identified, the next step is to define the problem more precisely. This involves identifying the causes of the problem and the scope of the problem.

3. The third step is to generate potential solutions. This is often done by brainstorming or using a structured problem-solving process.

4. The fourth step is to evaluate the potential solutions. This involves comparing the solutions to the problem and to each other.

5. The fifth step is to select a solution. This is often done by choosing the solution that is most likely to be successful.

6. The sixth step is to implement the solution. This involves putting the solution into action.

7. The seventh step is to evaluate the results. This involves comparing the results to the desired state or goal.

8. The eighth step is to adjust the solution if necessary. This involves making changes to the solution if it is not working.

9. The ninth step is to monitor the solution. This involves keeping track of the solution over time.

10. The tenth step is to document the solution. This involves recording the solution and the results.

11. The eleventh step is to share the solution. This involves telling others about the solution.

12. The twelfth step is to learn from the solution. This involves reflecting on the solution and what was learned.

13. The thirteenth step is to apply the solution. This involves using the solution in other situations.

14. The fourteenth step is to evaluate the application. This involves comparing the application to the desired state or goal.

15. The fifteenth step is to adjust the application if necessary. This involves making changes to the application if it is not working.

16. The sixteenth step is to monitor the application. This involves keeping track of the application over time.

17. The seventeenth step is to document the application. This involves recording the application and the results.

18. The eighteenth step is to share the application. This involves telling others about the application.

19. The nineteenth step is to learn from the application. This involves reflecting on the application and what was learned.

20. The twentieth step is to apply the application. This involves using the application in other situations.

21. The twenty-first step is to evaluate the application. This involves comparing the application to the desired state or goal.

22. The twenty-second step is to adjust the application if necessary. This involves making changes to the application if it is not working.

23. The twenty-third step is to monitor the application. This involves keeping track of the application over time.

24. The twenty-fourth step is to document the application. This involves recording the application and the results.

25. The twenty-fifth step is to share the application. This involves telling others about the application.