

City of  
**SACRAMENTO**

The City welcomes your comments and requests that you present your remarks in a respectful manner, within established time limits, and focus on issues which directly affect the City or are within the jurisdiction. Thank you for your testimony.

# Request to Speak

Complete this form and return to the City Clerk

Meeting Date: \_\_\_\_\_

COMMENTS MAY BE LIMITED TO A SPECIFIC TIME ALLOTMENT

Matters Listed on the Agenda

Agenda Item No: 20

Subject: Police Services  
Convention & Cultural Services

In Favor       Oppose

Matters **NOT** Listed on the Agenda

Subject: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Personal Information:**

Except for your name, the information requested below is voluntary and used by staff to contact you if necessary. When you request to speak before the legislative body, your name is included in the City's Official minutes. This form is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Request Act.

Name: David Baumgartner Address: 4420 52nd St.

Organization/Business Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Council District No.: 5       Not a City Resident

Phone: (916) 879-8815 Email: guycosette@gmail.com

**Notice to Lobbyist:**

In compliance with City Code Section 2.15.150 you **MUST** identify yourself as a lobbyist and also verbally identify the client(s), business or organization you are representing.

I am a:     Registered Lobbyist       Unregistered Lobbyist

I represent: \_\_\_\_\_

City of  
**SACRAMENTO**

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# Request to Speak

Meeting Date: May 12, 2015

Complete this form and return to the City Clerk

COMMENTS MAY BE LIMITED TO A SPECIFIC TIME ALLOTMENT

Matters Listed on the Agenda +  
Agenda Item No: 20 - MANOUS PERSONNEL  
Subject: 'PIPE DREAMS' using Sacramento as a 'Playhouse Theatre' (OF WAR) - ariel chemical assault  
 In Favor       Oppose

Matters **NOT** Listed on the Agenda  
Subject: U.S.A.  
FREE Government:  
NO MORE "SECRET Societies or Agencies"; deciding, managing or control of local or Nat'l Gov.

diversion of MIC - war manufacturing FUNDS AS A private trust for Personal Information: ORGANIZED CRIME FAMILIES - 'FAP', 'PIECE CORP' AND OTHER "SECRET ORGANIZATIONS"

Except for your name, the information requested below is voluntary and used by staff to contact you if necessary. When you request to speak before the legislative body, your name is included in the City's Official minutes. This form is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Request Act.

Name: Lorraine Brown      Address: 1318 E St 702, Sac. Ca, 95814  
Organization/Business Name: Psychologist - Reshited from working !!  
Council District No.: 4       Not a City Resident  
Phone: (916) 825-0877      Email: \_\_\_\_\_

### Notice to Lobbyist:

In compliance with City Code Section 2.15.150 you **MUST** identify yourself as a lobbyist and also verbally identify the client(s), business or organization you are representing.

I am a:       Registered Lobbyist       Unregistered Lobbyist  
I represent: A FREE AMERICAN Society for Law Ob

mad-wom-an (mad/wōm/ən) n. pl. -wom-en (-wim/in) An insane woman; lunatic.

mad-wort (mad/wūrt/) n. 1. Any of various shrubs or herbs of the mustard family, as the alyssum and sweet alyssum. 2. A low annual plant (Asperugo procumbens) of the borage family. [? Trans. of NL Alyssum, genus name < L < Gk. alysson < a-not + lyssa rabies]

mae (mā) adj. & adv. Scot. More.

Mae-an-der (mā-an/dər) The ancient name for the MENDERS; also Meander.

Maecenas (mā-sē/nās), died 8 B.C., Roman statesman; patron of Horace and Vergil; full name Gaius Cilnius Maecenas. — n. Any patron, especially of the arts.

maelstrom (mā/strōm) n. 1. Any turbulent, dangerous, and irresistible force, or a place where it prevails: the maelstrom of passion. 2. A whirlpool. [ < Du. maelstrom, maelstrom < malen to grind, whirl around + stroom a stream]

Maelstrom (mā/strōm) A famous whirlpool in the Arctic Ocean off the NW coast of Norway.

mae-nad (mā/nad) n. 1. A female votary or priestess of Dionysius; a bacchante. 2. Any woman beside herself with frenzy or excitement. Also spelled menad. [ < L. Maenas, -adis < Gk. mainas frenzied < mainesthai to rave] — mae-nad'ic adj. — mae-nad'i-cal'y adv.

mae-s-to-so (mā/s-tō/sō) Music adj. Majestic; stately. — adv. In a stately manner: a direction to the performer. — n. A stately passage or movement. [ < Ital. majestic < L. majestas greatness < major, compar. of magnus great]

Maes-tricht (mās'trikht). See MAASTRICHT.

mae-strō (mā-es/trō, mis/trō) n. pl. -trōs A master in any art; especially, an eminent conductor, composer, or performer of music. [ < Ital. master < L. magister]

Mae-ter-linck (mā'ter-lingk), Count Maurice, 1862-1949, Belgian poet, dramatist, and essayist active in France.

Mae West (mā) An inflatable vestlike life preserver used by aviators downed at sea in World War II. [after Mae West, born 1892, U.S. actress]

Maf-fa-king (maf'fā-king) A town in NE Cape of Good Hope Province, South Africa; capital of Bechuanaland Protectorate; pop. about 7,000; besieged in the Boer War.

ma-fia (mā/fē-ā, mā/fē-ə) n. In Sicily, a widespread hostility toward the law and its officers, also, any of the groups, later loosely organized into a secret society, motivated by this attitude. Also maf'fi-a. [ < Ital. ]

Ma-fia (mā/fē-ā, mā/fē-ə) n. A secret criminal organization of Sicilians and Italians believed to exist in many countries, including the United States. Also Maf'fi-a. Compare BLACK HAND, CAMORRA.

mā-foi (mā'fōi) French. My faith; my goodness.

mag (mag) n. Brit. Slang. A halfpenny. [ < dial. E make a halfpenny; infl. in form by meg, orig., a guinea]

mag. 1. Magazine. 2. Magnet; magnetism. 3. Astron. Magnitude.

Ma-gal-la-nes (mā/gā-yā/nās). See PUNTA ARENAS.

mag-a-zine (mag'ə-zēn/ mag'ə-zēn) n. 1. A periodical publication, usually with a paper cover and illustrations, containing articles, stories, and other features by various writers. 2. A warehouse or depot in which anything is stored, especially military supplies. 3. A building for storing explosives and ammunition; also, a storeroom in a ship or fort serving a similar purpose. 4. A receptacle or part of a gun holding ammunition ready for chambering; also, a case in which cartridges are carried. 5. A reservoir or supply chamber in a battery, camera, etc. [ < MF magasin < OF magazin < Arabic makhzān, pl. of makhzan storehouse. < khazana to store up]

mag-da-len (mag'dā-lēn) n. 1. A reformed prostitute. 2. A house for the reformation of prostitutes. Also mag'da-lene (-lēn). [after Mary Magdalene]

Mag-da-le-na (māg'dā-lā'nā) A river in Colombia, flowing about 1,000 miles north to the Caribbean Sea.

Mag-da-len Col-lege (mōd'/līn) A college of Oxford University, England.

Mag-da-lene (mag'dā-lēn, mag'dā-lē'nē) n. Mary Magdalene; usually preceded by the. Also Mag'da-len. See MARY MAGDALENE.

Mag-da-lene Col-lege (mōd'/līn) A college of Cambridge University, England.

Mag-da-le-ni-an (mag'dā-lē'nē-ən) adj. Anthropol. Of or pertaining to the most advanced culture stage of the Paleolithic period in Europe. [ < F. magdalénien, after La Madeleine in west central France, where artifacts were found]

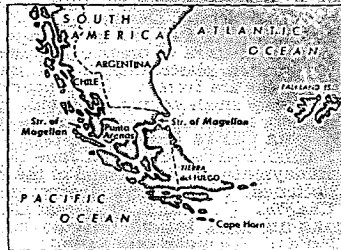
Mag-de-burg (mag'dā-būrg, Ger. māg'dā-boor'kh) A city of west central East Germany; pop. 260,618 (1959).

mage (mā) n. Archaic. A magician. [ < F < L magus. See MAGI.]

Ma-gel-lan (mā-jel-'n), Ferdinand, 1480?-1521, Portuguese navigator in the service of Spain. Also Spanish Fernando de Ma-gal-la-nes (mā-gā-yā'nās). — Mag-el-lan-ic (maj'-ə-lan/ik) adj.

the Pacific separating the South American mainland from Tierra del Fuego.

Magellanic cloud Astron. Either of two luminous aggregations of star clusters and nebulae in the constellations of Dorado and Tucana near the south celestial pole.



ma-gen David (mā-'gən) See MOGEN DAVID.

Ma-gen-die (mā-zhān-dē/) François, 1783-1855, French physiologist and pharmacologist.

ma-gen-ta (mā-jen'tə) n. 1. Fuchsin, a dye. 2. The purplish rose or purplish red color produced by fuchsin. [after Magenta, because discovered just after the French victory]

Ma-gen-ta (mā-jen'tā) A Commune in Lombardy, northern Italy; scene of a French victory over Austrian forces, 1859; pop. about 16,000.

mag-got (mag'ət) n. 1. The legless larva of an insect, as the housefly, especially one found in decaying matter. 2. Archaic. An odd notion; whim. [Prob. alter. of ME mad-dock; mathel < ON mathkr worm]

mag-got-y (mag'ət-ē) adj. 1. Infested with maggots. 2. Archaic. Having odd notions. — mag'got-i-ness n.

Ma-gi (mā'ji) n. pl. of Ma-gus (mā'gəs) 1. The three "wise men from the east" who came to Bethlehem to pay homage to the infant Jesus. Matt ii 1-12. 2. The priestly caste of the Medes and Persians; also mag'i. [ < L. pl. of magus < Gk. magos < Persian magu priest, magician] — Ma-gi-an (mā'jē-ən) adj. & n. — Magi-an-ism n.

mag-ic (maj'ik) n. 1. Seeming control over, or foresight of, natural events; forces, etc., by the ritual invocation of supernatural agencies; also, the practice of this control; thaumaturgy. 2. An overpowering influence; unusual effectiveness; enchantment; the magic of his voice. 3. Sleight of hand; legerdemain. — like magic As if by magic; instantly. — adj. 1. Of, pertaining to, or used in magic. 2. Producing the effects of magic. 3. Mysteriously impressive; beautiful. [ < OF magique < LL magica (ars) magic (ars) < Gk. magike (technē) < magikos of the Magi]

— Syn. (noun) 1. Magic, sorcery, witchcraft, voodoo, divination, and necromancy refer to powers that are considered supernatural. Magic involves the belief that man can coerce nature by the use of certain rites, formulas, actions, etc.; it can be found as an element in all primitive religions. The study of natural phenomena, called white or natural magic, developed into the modern natural sciences. Distinguished from this was black magic, or sorcery, the attempt to use or invoke supernatural powers for personal or sinister purposes. Witchcraft was sorcery as practiced by a woman possessed by a demon. Voodoo is one of many primitive cults combining elements of religion, sorcery, and magic. Divination refers to the attempt to gain supernatural insight into the future while necromancy, or communication with the spirits of the dead, is one of the methods of divination.

mag-i-cal (maj'i-kəl) adj. Of, pertaining to, or produced by, or as by, magic. — mag'i-cal'y adv.

ma-gi-cian (mā-jish'ən) n. One who performs magic; especially, an entertainer who uses illusion and legerdemain.

magic lantern Archaic. A slide projector.

ma-gilp (mā-gilp/) See MEGILP.

Ma-gi-not line (māzh'ə-nō, Fr. mā-zhē-nō) A system of French fortifications along the German frontier built 1925-35 [after André Maginot, 1877-1932, French statesman]

mag-is-te-ri-al (maj'is-tir'ē-əl) adj. 1. Of, pertaining to, or like a master. 2. Dictatorial; domineering. 3. Of or pertaining to a magistrate, his office or his duties. [ < Med. L. magistrialis < LL magistris < L magister master] — mag'is-te-ri-al'y adv.

mag-is-ter-y (maj'is-ter'ē) n. pl. ter-ies In alchemy, an agency or quality capable of transmuting other substances, as the philosopher's stone. [ < Med. L. magisterium philosopher's stone < L magister master]

mag-is-tra-cy (maj'is-trə-sē) n. pl. -cies 1. The office, function, or term of a magistrate. 2. Magistrates collectively. 3. The district under a magistrate's jurisdiction. Also mag-is-tra-ture (maj'is-trə-choor).

mag-is-tral (maj'is-trəl) adj. 1. In pharmacy, compounded for a specific case. 2. Rare. Magisterial. — n. With former, the line in a fortification plan from which the positions of fieldworks were determined; also magistral. See [ < F < L magistralis < magister master]

mag-is-trate (maj'is-trāt, -trī) n. 1. A public official with the power to administer and enforce the law. 2. A minor judicial officer having limited authority in criminal cases, as a justice of the peace or a judge in a police court. [ < L magistratus magisterial office < magister master]

countdown

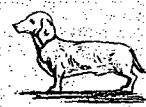
du' dawist - sponge - "cock work" or...

Dachau

water fish (Leuciscus leuciscus) of Europe. 2. A fresh-water fish (genus Rhinichthys) of North America. [< OF dars, a small fish, lit., dart; from its movements]

**Da-chau** (dä'khou) A town in central Upper Bavaria, West Germany; site of a Nazi concentration camp; pop. 25,000.

**dachs-hund** (däks'hönd/, daks'hönd/, dash'-) n. A breed of dog native to Germany, having a long, compact body, short legs, and a short coat, usually of red, tan, or black and tan. [< G < dachs-badger + hund dog]



DACHSHUND (7 to 9 inches high at shoulder)

**Da-cia** (dä'sha) An ancient kingdom and province of the Roman Empire corresponding roughly to modern Rumania. — **Da'-cian adj. & n.**

**dack-er** (dak'ər) Scot. & Brit. Dial. v.i. 1. To waver. 2. To saunter; stroll. — n. 1. A sauntering walk. 2. A contest. Also **daiker**. [Appar. < M Flemish daeckeren]

**da-coit** (də'koi't) n. A member of a robber band in India or Burma; also spelled **dakait**. [< Hind. dakait < dākē robbery by a gang]

**da-coit-y** (də'koi'tē) n. Robbery by a band of dacoits.

**Da-cron** (dä'kron, dak'ron) n. A synthetic polyester textile fiber of high tensile strength, having great resistance to stretching and wrinkling; a trade name. Also **da'cron**.

**dac-tyl** (dak'təl) n. 1. In prosody, a metrical foot consisting of one long or accented syllable followed by two short or unaccented ones (— ∪ ∪). 2. A line of verse made up of or characterized by such feet: Now in the | earth all the | seeds are at | rest. 3. Zool. A finger or toe; digit. [< L dactylus < Gk. daktylos finger, dactyl]

**dac-ty-late** (dak'tə-lāt) adj. Having fingerlike processes.

**dac-tyl-ic** (dak'til'ik) adj. Of, pertaining to, or characterized by dactyls. — n. A dactylic verse.

**dactylo-** combining form. Finger; toe; **dactylology**. Also, before vowels, **dactyl-**. [< L dactylus < Gk. daktylos finger]

**dac-tyl-o-gram** (dak'til'ə-gram) n. A fingerprint. [< DACTYLO- + -GRAM]

**dac-ty-log-ra-phy** (dak'tə-log'rə-fē) n. The scientific study of fingerprints. [< DACTYLO- + -GRAPHY] — **dac-ty-lo-graph-ic** (dak'tə-lə-grāf'ik) adj.

**dac-ty-lol-o-gy** (dak'tə-lol'ə-jē) n. The use of the fingers in communicating ideas, as in the deaf-and-dumb alphabet. [< DACTYLO- + -LOGY]

**dad** (dad) n. Informal Father. Also **dad-dy** (dad'ē). [Origin unknown]

**da-da** (də'dä, də) n. Often cap. A movement in art and literature, occurring especially in France, Germany, and Switzerland about 1916-20, that declared a program of protest against civilization and violently satirized all previous art. Also **da-da-ism**. [< F dada; a nonsense word] — **da'-da-ist** n. — **da-da-ist'ic** adj.

**dad-dle** (dad'l) v.t. & v.i. **died, dling**. Diddle.

**dad-dy-long-legs** (dad'ē-lōng'legz', -lōng'-) n. pl. **legs** 1. A longlegged arachnid of the order *Phalangida*, resembling a spider; also called **harrestman**. 2. Brit. The crane fly.

**da-do** (də'dō) n. pl. **does** 1. *Archil*. The part of a pedestal between the base and the cornice; the die. 2. The lower part of an interior wall, often ornamented. [< Ital., a die, a cube < L datum. See DIE]

**dae-dal** (də'däl) adj. 1. Cunning; ingenious: a **daedal** mind. 2. Skillfully contrived; intricate. Also spelled **dedal**. [< L daedalus < Gk. daidalos skillful, cunning]

**Daed-a-lus** (də'də-ləs, Brit. də'də-) In Greek mythology, an Athenian architect and inventor who devised the Cretan Labyrinth in which he was later imprisoned with his son Icarus, and from which they escaped by artificial wings. — **Daed-a-li-an, Daed-a-le-an** (di-dä'lē-ən, -däl'yən) adj.

**dae-mon** (də'mən) n. A demon (def. 4).

**daff** (daf, däf) v.t. 1. Archaic To thrust aside; discard. 2. Obs. To doff; take off. [Var. of DOFF]

**daff** (daf, däf) v.i. Scot. To play the fool; talk foolishly. [< dial E (Northern) daff fool, simpleton]

**daf-fo-dil** (daf'ə-dil) n. A plant (*Narcissus pseudo-narcissus*) of the amaryllis family, with solitary yellow flowers. Also **Dial.** or **Poetic** **daf-fa-dil-ly** (daf'ə-dil'ē), **daf-fa-down-dil-ly** (daf'ə-doun-dil'ē), **daf-fy-down-dil-ly** (daf'ē-). [Var. of ME **affodille** < Med.L **affodillus** < L **asphodelus**. Doublet of ASPHODEL.]

**daf-fy** (daf'ē) adj. **daf-fi-er, daf-fi-est** Informal Crazy; silly; zany. [< DAFF]

**daff** (däf, däft) adj. 1. Chiefly Brit. Of weak mind; insane. 2. Chiefly Brit. Foolish; silly. 3. Scot. Frolicsome. [OE **gedäfte** mild, meek. Akin to DEFT.] — **daff'ly** adv. — **daff'ness** n.

**dag** (dag) n. A loose-hanging point, lock, or shred. [ME **dagge**; origin uncertain]

**Da-gan** (də'gän) The Babylonian god of the earth.

**Dag-en-ham** (dag'nəm) A municipal borough in SW Essex, England, near London; pop. 108,363 (1961).

**Da-ges-tan** (də'gəs-tän/, Russ. də-gyis-tän/) A division of the SE R.S.F.S.R.; 19,400 sq. mi.; pop. 1,062,472 (1959); capital, Makhachkala. Also **Da-ghes-tan**, **Dagestan** A.S.S.R. **Russian** **Da-ges-tan/ska-ya** A.S.S.R. (-ska'yə).

**dag-ger** (dag'ər) n. 1. A short, pointed instrument for stabbing. 2. **Printing** A reference mark (‡); a diesis; the second in a series. — **double dagger** (at) A reference mark (‡); a diesis; the third in a series. — **to look daggers** (at) To scowl (at). — v.t. 1. To pierce with a stab. 2. **Printing** To mark with a dagger.

**ME** **dag** to pierce, stab. Cf. **F** **daguer**.

**dag-gle** (dag'əl) v.t. & v.i. **gled, gling** To trail or drizzle in mud or water. [< dial. dag to bemire]

**dag-lock** (dag'lok') n. A dirty or tangled mass of wool on a sheep. [< dial. dag to beset]

**da-go** (də'gō) n. pl. **gos** or **goes** U.S. Less commonly, a Spaniard or Portuguese. [Alter. of Sp. Diego, a personal name]

**Dago** (də'gə) The Russian name for Hiroshima.

**da-go-ba** (də'gə-bə) n. A dome-shaped building containing sacred relics. [< Singhalese dāgā]

**Da-gon** (də'gən) A national god of the Phoenicians, represented as half man and half fish.

**da-guerre-o-type** (də-ger'ə-tip', -ə-tip/) photographic process using silver-coated plates sensitive to light and then were developed in vapor. 2. A picture made by this process.

**Jacques Mandé Daguerre**, 1789-1851, French inventor.

**TYPE** — **da-guerre-o-typer**, **da-guerre-o-typer** n.

**da-ha-be-ah** (də'hə-bē'ə) n. A passenger boat of the Nile, originally equipped with lateen sails, and now generally propelled by engines. Also **da-ha-bee-yah**, **da-ha-bi'ah**, **da-ha-bi'eh**, **da-ha-bi'yeh**. [< Arabic dhahabiyah golden < dhahab gold; with ref. to a gilded royal Egyptian barge]

**Dahl-gren** (dal'grən), **John Adolphus Bernard**, 1809-70, U.S. admiral; designer of a smoothbored naval cannon.

**dahl-ia** (dal'ya, däl', däl'-) n. 1. A tender perennial plant (genus *Dahlia*) of the composite family, having tuberous roots and showy red, purple, yellow, or white flowers or root of this plant. [after Anders Dahl, botanist]

**Da-ho-mey** (də'hō'mē, Fr. də-ō-mē/) An island public of the French Community in western Africa; pop. 2,003,000 (1960); capital, Porto-Novo.

**Republic of Dahomey**, French *République du Bénin* map of (Gulf of) GUINEA. — **Da-ho-man** (də'hō-mən) n.

**da-hoon** (də'hōon') n. A small evergreen tree of the holly family, found in the southern United States. [Origin uncertain]

**dai-ker** (də'kər) v. & n. Dacker.

**Dail** **Ei-reann** (dē-əl'ēr'ən) The lower house of the Irish Parliament.

**dai-ly** (də'lē) adj. Of, occurring, or appearing every weekday. — n. pl. **lies** A daily publication. — **Syn.** **Daily** and **diurnal** refer to the period of the day; **diurnal** is the scientific term for the hours of daylight; a **diurnal** flower is one that opens only in daylight. **Daily** means occurring once every 24 hours; a **daily** broadcast may take place in the evening; **rest** refers to the hours of sleep.

**daily double** In horse racing, a single bet on choosing the winners of two specified races in a day.

**dai-men** (də'min) adj. Scot. Occasional; scarce; infrequent. [Origin unknown]

**dai-mio** (dä'myō) n. pl. **mio** or **mios** Formerly a feudal baron of Japan. Also **dai'myo**. [< Chinese dai great + mio, myo name]

**dai-mon** (dä'mōn) n. A demon (def. 4). [< Gk. daimōn]

**Dai-Nip-pōn** (dä-nēp-pōn) A Japanese name for Japan.

**dain-ty** (dän'tē) adj. **ti-er, ti-est** 1. Delicate; graceful. 2. Of pleasing taste; delicious. 3. Of high quality; fastidious; also, too fastidious; overrefined. See ELEGANT. — n. pl. **ties** Something tasty or a delicacy. [< OF daintie < L dignitas DIGNITY]. — **dain'ti-ly** adv. — **dain'ti-ness** n.

**dai-qui-ri** (dä'kər-ē, dak'ər-ē) n. A cocktail made with lime or lemon juice, and sugar. [after *Daiquiri*, a type of rum was made]

**Dai-ren** (dä'ren') See LÜ-TA.

**dairy** (dä'ri) n. pl. **ies** 1. A commercial establishment that processes or manufactures milk products. 2. A room or building on a farm where cream is kept and processed. 3. A dairy farm, a farm where dairy cattle are raised. 4. A type of dairy cattle. 5. Dairying. [ME **deirie** < OE **dæge**]

**dairy cattle** Cows of a breed specially adapted for milk production. Also **dairy cows**.

**dairy farm** A farm for producing dairy products.

**Anne**, Saint. Traditionally, the mother of the Virgin Mary.  
**an-neal** (ə-nēl') *n.* 1. To reduce the brittleness and increase the toughness of, as glass and various metals, by heating and then slowly cooling. 2. To toughen; render enduring, as the will. 3. *Archaic*. To fix in place by heating and then cooling, as colors or enamel. [OE *onælan* to burn]  
**Anne Boleyn**. See **BOLEYN**.  
**an-ne-lid** (an'ə-lid) *Zool. adj.* Of or belonging to a phylum (*Annelida*) of segmented invertebrates, including the earthworm, leeches, marine worms, etc. — *n.* An annelid invertebrate. Also **an-nel-i-dan** (ə-nel'ə-dən). [*< NL < F annélide < anneler to arrange in rings < OF annel a ring < L annellus for anellus, dim. of anulus a ring*]  
**Anne of Austria**, 1601–66, consort of Louis XIII of France; regent 1643–61 for her son, Louis XIV.  
**Anne of Bohemia**, 1366–94, wife of Richard II of England.  
**Anne of Cleves** (klēvz), 1515–57, fourth wife of Henry VIII.  
**an-nex** (ə-nēks'; n. an'eks) *v.t.* 1. To add or append, as an additional or minor part, to existing possessions; affix. 2. To attach, as an attribute, condition, or consequence. — *Syn.* See **ADD**. — *n.* 1. An addition to a building; also, a nearby building used in addition to the main building. 2. An addition to a document; addendum. 3. *Mil.* An appendix to a combat order specifying the details prescribed in a given field or subject: an artillery annex. Also *Brit.* **an/aexe**. [*< F annexer < L annexus, pp. of annexere to tie together < ad- to + nexere to tie*] — **an-nex-a-ble** *adj.*  
**an-nex-a-tion** (an'ek-sā'shən) *n.* 1. The act of annexing. 2. That which is added or attached. Also **an-nex/ment**.  
**an-ni-hi-la-ble** (ə-ni'ə-lə-bəl) *adj.* That can be annihilated.  
**an-ni-hi-late** (ə-ni'ə-lāt) *v.t.* -lat-ed, -lat-ing 1. To destroy utterly. 2. To annul; abolish; make void. — *Syn.* See **ABOLISH**. [*< L annihilatus, pp. of annihilare < ad- to + nihil nothing*] — **an-ni-hi-la-tive** *adj.* — **an-ni-hi-la-tor** *n.*  
**an-ni-hi-la-tion** (ə-ni'ə-lā'shən) *n.* 1. The act of annihilating. 2. Utter extinction.  
**An-nis-ton** (an'is-tən) A city in NE Alabama; pop. 33,657.  
**an-ni-ver-sa-ry** (an'vī-sər-ē) *n. pl. -ries* 1. A day in the year on the date of which an event occurred in some preceding year; especially, *U.S.*, the day on whose date one's wedding took place. 2. A commemorative observance or celebration on such occasion. — *adj.* 1. Recurring annually or at the same date every year. 2. Pertaining to or occurring on an anniversary. [*< L anniversarius < annus year + versus, pp. of referre to turn*]  
**an-no Dom-i-ni** (an'ō dom'ə-ni) *Latin* In the year of our Lord or of the Christian era. Abbr. *A.D.*  
**an-no-mun-di** (an'ō mun'di) *Latin* In the year of the world; used in chronology; with the supposed date of creation set at 4004 B.C. Abbr. *A.M.*  
**an-no-tate** (an'ō-tāt) *v.t. & v.i.* -tat-ed, -tat-ing To provide (a text, etc.) with explanatory or critical notes. [*< L annotatus, pp. of annotare < ad- to + notare to note, mark < nota mark*] — **an-no-ta-tive** *adj.* — **an-no-ta-tor** *n.*  
**an-no-ta-tion** (an'ō-tā'shən) *n.* 1. The act of annotating. 2. A critical or explanatory note; a comment.  
**an-nounce** (ə-nouns') *v.t.* -nounced, -nounc-ing 1. To make known publicly or officially; proclaim. 2. To give notice of the approach or appearance of: to announce guests. 3. To make known to the senses. 4. To serve as the announcer for, as a radio program. [*< OF anoncer, anoncier < L annuntiare < ad- to + nuntiare to report < nuntius messenger*] — *Syn.* 1. declare, promulgate, advertise, broadcast. See **ASSERT**. 2. herald.  
**an-nounce-ment** (ə-nouns'ment) *n.* 1. The act of announcing. 2. That which is announced. 3. A printed declaration or publication.  
**an-nounc-er** (ə-noun'sər) *n.* 1. One who announces. 2. A person who identifies the station from which a radio or television program is broadcast, introduces the performers, etc.  
**an-noy** (ə-noi') *v.t.* 1. To be troublesome to; bother; irritate. 2. To do harm to or injure continuously or by repeated acts. — *n.* Obs. An annoyance. [*< OF anuier, anoier, ult. < L in odio in hatred*] — **an-noy'er** *n.*  
**an-noy-ance** (ə-noi'əns) *n.* 1. That which annoys; a nuisance. 2. The act of annoying. 3. The feeling incident to being annoyed; vexation; to show one's annoyance.  
**an-noy-ing** (ə-noi'ing) *adj.* Vexatious; troublesome. — **an-noy-ing-ly** *adv.* — **an-noy-ing-ness** *n.*  
**an-nu-al** (an'yoo-əl) *adj.* 1. Returning, performed, or occurring every year. 2. Pertaining to the year; reckoned by the year. 3. *Bot.* Lasting or living only one year. — *n.* 1. A book or pamphlet issued once a year. 2. *Bot.* A plant living for a single year or season. Abbr. *ann.* [*< OF annuel < L annualis yearly < annus year*] — **an-nu-al-ly** *adv.*  
**annual parallax**. See under **PARALLAX**.  
**annual ring**. A layer of wood produced by a tree during a single season's growth, visible in cross section as one of a series of concentric rings.  
**an-nu-i-tant** (ə-nōō'ə-tənt, ə-nyoo'ə-) *n.* One receiving, or entitled to receive, an annuity.  
**an-nu-ity** (an'yoo-iti) *Latin* He (God) has favored our undertakings; motto on the reverse of the Great Seal of the United States.

**an-nu-i-ty** (ə-nōō'ə-tē, ə-nyoo'ə-) *n. pl. -ties* 1. An allowance or income paid yearly or at specified periods. 2. The right to receive such an allowance, or the duty of paying it. 3. The return from an investment of capital, with interest, in a series of yearly payments. Abbr. *ann.* [*< OF annuite < Med.L annuitas, -latis < L annus year*]  
**an-nul** (ə-nul') *v.t.* -nulled, -nul-ling 1. To render null or declare invalid, as a law or a marriage. 2. To reduce to nothing; put an end to. [*< OF annuller < LL annullare < L ad- to + nullus none*] — **an-nul-la-ble** *adj.*  
— *Syn.* 1. *Annul, nullify, cancel, abate, void, vacate, quash, abrogate, repeal, rescind, and revoke* mean to make or declare to be invalid, and usually refer to the action of some competent legal authority. *Annul* and *nullify* are general terms; *nullify* may also be used in an extralegal sense. A marriage is *annulled*; a law may be *nullified* by a new law, or by the effects of popular defiance. The other synonyms listed differ chiefly in technical usage, rather than in meaning. Typically, we *cancel* a lease, *abate* or *void* a writ, *revoke* an injunction, *quash* an indictment, *abrogate* a treaty, *repeal* a law, *rescind* a ruling, and *revoke* a will. Compare **ABOLISH**. — *Ant.* confirm, enact, establish, maintain, sustain, uphold.  
**an-nu-lar** (an'yə-lər) *adj.* Formed like a ring; ring-shaped. [*< L annularis < annulus, anulus a ring*] — **an-nu-lar-ly** *adv.*  
**annular eclipse**. *Astron.* A solar eclipse in which a narrow ring of the sun is visible beyond the dark mass of the moon.  
**annular ligament**. *Anat.* A ligament encircling the wrist or ankle.  
**an-nu-late** (an'yə-lit, -lāt) *adj.* Furnished with rings; ringed, as an annelid. Also **an-nu-lat'ed**. [*< L annulatus < annulus a ring*]  
**an-nu-lā-tion** (an'yə-lā'shən) *n.* 1. The act of forming rings. 2. A ringlike formation or segment.  
**an-nu-let** (an'yə-lit) *n.* 1. A small ring. 2. *Archit.* A small, projecting molding encircling the capital of a pillar. [*< L annulus a ring + -let*]  
**an-nul-ment** (ə-nul'ment) *n.* 1. The act of annulling. 2. An invalidation, as of a marriage.  
**an-nu-lose** (an'yə-lōs) *adj.* Composed of or furnished with rings. [*< L annulus a ring + -ose*]  
**an-nu-lus** (an'yə-ləs) *n. pl. -li (-h) or -lus-es* A ringlike part, body, or space. [*< L, a ring*]  
**an-nun-ci-ate** (ə-nun'shē-āt, -sē) *v.t.* -at-ed, -at-ing To announce. [*< L annuntiat; pp. of annuntiare*. See **ANNOUNCE**.]  
**an-nun-ci-a-tion** (ə-nun'sē-ā'shən, -shē) *n.* The act of announcing, or that which is announced; proclamation.  
**An-nun-ci-a-tion** (ə-nun'sē-ā'shən, -shē) *n. Eccl.* 1. The announcement of the Incarnation to the Virgin Mary by an angel. *Luke* 1:28–38. 2. The festival (March 25) commemorating this event. 3. A work of art portraying this event.  
**an-nun-ci-a-tor** (ə-nun'shē-ā'tər, -sē) *n.* 1. An announcer. 2. An electrical indicator used in hotels, etc., that shows a number or name when a bell is rung.  
**An-nun-zio** (dān-nōōn'tsyō), *Gabriele D'* See **D'ANNUNZIO**.  
**an-nus mi-rab-i-lis** (an'əs mē-rab'ə-lis) *Latin* Wonderful year. Abbr. *A.M.*  
**An-nus Sanctus** (an'əs sangk'tas) Jubilee (def. 2). [*< L, holy year*]  
**an-ode** (an'ōd) *n. Electr.* 1. The positive electrode toward which anions migrate in an electrolytic cell. 2. The plate of an electron tube toward which electrons are attracted. Abbr. *a.* [*< Gk. anodos a way up < ana-up + hodos road, way*]  
**an-od-ic** (an-ōd'ik) *adj.* 1. Pertaining to an anode. 2. Proceeding upward.  
**an-o-dize** (an'ō-diz) *v.t.* -dized, -diz-ing To oxidize or coat the surface of (a metal) by making it the anode of an electrolytic bath.  
**an-o-dyne** (an'ə-din) *adj.* Having power to allay pain; soothing. — *n. Med.* Anything that relieves pain or soothes. [*< L anodynus < Gk. anodynos < an- without + odynē pain*]  
**a-noint** (ə-noint') *v.t.* 1. To smear with oil or any soft substance; apply oil or ointment to. 2. To put oil on as a sign of consecration, as in a religious ceremony. [*< OF enoint, pp. of enoindre < L inungere < in- on + ungere to smear*] — **a-noint'er** *n.* — **a-noint/ment** *n.*  
**an-o-lyte** (an'ə-lit) *n.* In electrolysis, that portion of the electrolyte nearest the anode. [*< ANO(DE) + (ELECTRO)LYTE*]  
**a-nom-a-lism** (ə-nom'ə-liz/əm) *n.* 1. An anomaly. 2. *Rare* The state or fact of being anomalous.  
**a-nom-a-lous** (ə-nom'ə-ləs) *adj.* Deviating from the common rule; irregular; exceptional; abnormal. [*< L anomalus < Gk. anomalos < an- not + homalos even < homos same*] — **a-nom-a-lous-ly** *adv.* — **a-nom-a-lous-ness** *n.*  
**a-nom-a-ly** (ə-nom'ə-lē) *n. pl. -lies* 1. Deviation from rule, type, or form; irregularity. 2. Anything anomalous. 3. *Astron.* a The angular distance of a planet from its perihelion, as seen from the sun. b The angle measuring apparent irregularities in the movement of a planet. [*< L anomalía < Gk. anomalía < anomalos*. See **ANOMALOUS**.] — **a-nom-a-lis-tic** (ə-nom'ə-lis'tik) or **-ti-cal** *adj.*  
**a-non** (ə-non') *adv.* 1. In a little while; soon. 2. At another time; again. 3. *Archaic* Immediately. [OE *on ān* in 'one']  
**anon**. Anonymous.  
**an-o-nym** (an'ə-nim) *n.* 1. An anonymous person or writer. 2. A pseudonym.

City of  
**SACRAMENTO**

The City welcomes your comments and requests that you present your remarks in a respectful manner, within established time limits, and focus on issues which directly affect the City or are within the jurisdiction. Thank you for your testimony.

# Request to Speak

Complete this form and return to the City Clerk

Meeting Date: 5/12/2015

COMMENTS MAY BE LIMITED TO A SPECIFIC TIME ALLOTMENT

Matters Listed on the Agenda

Agenda Item No: 20

Subject: Charter office

In Favor       Oppose

Matters **NOT** Listed on the Agenda

Subject: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Personal Information:**

Except for your name, the information requested below is voluntary and used by staff to contact you if necessary. When you request to speak before the legislative body, your name is included in the City's Official minutes. This form is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Request Act.

Name: Mac L. Worthy      Address: 2727-2nd Ave

Organization/Business Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Council District No.: 5       Not a City Resident

Phone: ( ) 451-7275      Email: \_\_\_\_\_

**Notice to Lobbyist:**

In compliance with City Code Section 2.15.150 you **MUST** identify yourself as a lobbyist and also verbally identify the client(s), business or organization you are representing.

I am a:       Registered Lobbyist       Unregistered Lobbyist

I represent: \_\_\_\_\_

City of  
**SACRAMENTO**

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# Request to Speak

Complete this form and return to the City Clerk

Meeting Date: 5/12/15

COMMENTS MAY BE LIMITED TO A SPECIFIC TIME ALLOTMENT

Matters Listed on the Agenda

Agenda Item No: 20  
Subject: FF 2015/2016 Budget

In Favor       Oppose

Matters **NOT** Listed on the Agenda

Subject: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Personal Information:**

Except for your name, the information requested below is voluntary and used by staff to contact you if necessary. When you request to speak before the legislative body, your name is included in the City's Official minutes. This form is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Request Act.

Name: Kathy Garcia      Address: 7754 Oak Bay Circle  
Organization/Business Name: CAC - Animal Care Services  
Council District No.: 7       Not a City Resident  
Phone: 916 392-5006      Email: \_\_\_\_\_

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