CITY OF SACRAMENTO



DEPARTMENT OF LAW

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April 24, 1980

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Honorable City Council City Hall Sacramento, California 95814

RE: SB 2026 (Greene) Smoking in Public Places

SUMMARY:

At the Council meeting of April 15, 1980, a report was requested by the Council as to the status of SB 2026.

On Wednesday, April 16, 1980, a hearing was held on this bill before the Senate Industrial Relations Committee, at which Councilwoman Rudin and others testified. The bill was not voted upon, but is to be redrafted and returned to the Committee for further hearing and vote at an undetermined date.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

A copy of SB 2026 in its original form is attached. This bill would preempt local ordinances as to smoking in public places, including Sacramento's Ordinance, Chapter 37 of the City Code.

At the hearing, numerous valid points were raised by Councilwoman Rudin, the League of California Cities and others. The result was that a multitude of amendments were proposed, and a complete rewrite of this bill is necessary. Hopefully the revised bill will focus on employee safety instead of usurping local regulation of smoking in general.

FINANCIAL DATA:

The bill contains a reimbursement clause. Since financial impact may be minimal, the Finance Committee could procedurally move the bill without hearing, if it passes out of Industrial

APPROVED

APR 2 9 (8%)

OFFICE OF THE

Honorable City Council Page Two April 24, 1980

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the progress of this bill be followed closely, and that lobbying continue in conjunction with the League of California Cities.

Respectfully Submitted,

JAMES P. JACKSON

Attorney

WILLIAM P. C. NAZZO
Deputy City Attorney

RECOMMENDATION APPROVED:

WALTER J. SUPE City Manager

WPC: KMF

ATTACHMENT

Introduced by Senator Greene

March 19, 1980

An act to add Article 3 (commencing with Section 1401) to Part 4 of Division 2 of the Labor Code, relating to smoking, making an appropriation therefor, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 2026, as introduced, Greene. Smoking.

(1) Existing law prohibits smoking in specified indoor places of public assembly in public buildings, in specified locations in health facilities and clinics, and other public buildings, and in food preparation portions of restaurants and in retail food marketing establishments.

This bill would require the establishment of smoking and no smoking sections or areas in enclosed public places, enclosed places of employment, enclosed health facilities, and enclosed clinics and would prohibit tobacco smoking in no smoking sections or areas, as specified.

The bill would require posting with signs in no smoking sections and areas, to be enforced by the Department of Industrial Relations. The department would be required to adopt standards to implement the bill, as specified. The bill would expressly preempt the field of smoking legislation, excepting other state law existing on the effective date of this bill which specifically affects tobacco smoking.

Knowing violations of the provisions of the bill would be an infraction with specified penalties.

(2) The bill would require the Department of Industrial Relations to carry out the administration of the provisions of the bill with existing funds and, thereby, would make an appropriation of such existing funds.

(3) Section 2231 of the Revenue and Taxation Code

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requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for costs mandated by the state. The section also specifies the manner for paying the reimbursement and requires any statute mandating the costs to contain an appropriation to pay for the costs in the initial fiscal year. This statutory provision will be supplemented by a constitutional requirement of reimbursement effective for statutes enacted on or after July 1, 1980.

This bill appropriates an unspecified sum to the Controller for allocation and disbursement to local agencies and school districts for costs mandated by the state and incurred by them

pursuant to this act.

(4) The bill would take effect immediately.

Vote: 3/3. Appropriation: yes. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

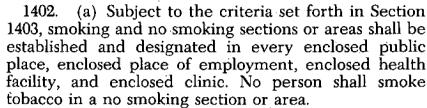
The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1	SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares that	<u>.</u>
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	is desirable to protect the comfort and environment of	
5	nonsmokers, and that it is not the intent of the	
6	Legislature to deny persons the right to smoke, but rather	
7.	to recognize the rights of all individuals regardless of	
8	their use of tobacco products.	
9	SEC. 2. The Legislature further declares that:	
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11	comfort, and environment of nonsmokers in certain	
12	enclosed places.	
13	(b) The intent of this act is to strike a reasonable	•
14	balance between the needs of persons who smoke	
15	tobacco and the needs of nonsmokers.	
16	SEC. 3. Article 3 (commencing with Section 1401) is	
17	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Article 3. Smoking and No Smoking Sections

21 1401. This article shall be known and may be cited as 22. the "Smoking and No Smoking Sections Act of 1980."

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- (b) The provisions of this article shall not limit smoking in outdoor areas, in private residences, or in any place not established pursuant to the provisions of this article as a no smoking section or area, nor prohibit the sale of tobacco products.
- 1403. Smoking and no smoking sections or areas established and designated pursuant to this article shall be consistent with the purpose and intent of this article and shall conform with the following criteria:
- (a) Smoking and no smoking sections need not be separated by walls, partitions, or other barriers. No construction or erection of ventilation devices, walls, partitions, or other barriers shall be required to comply with this article.
- (b) Facilities and areas in which it would be inappropriate or impractical to limit smoking may be designated in their entirety as smoking areas. Impractical facilities and areas may include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) An enclosed room normally occupied exclusively by persons who smoke tobacco.
- (2) Hotel or motel rooms designed and used for rental to transient guests.
 - (3) Areas used for private social or business functions.
 - (4) Vehicles and other mobile workplaces.
- (5) Areas wherein employee workstations are transient or mobile.
- (6) Any other area in which it is determined it would be inappropriate to restrict smoking of tobacco.

However, the listing of impractical facilities and areas of this subdivision shall be deemed to be illustrative only and shall not be considered as restrictive, by analogy or otherwise. The Legislature intends that impracticality be a function of enforcement likelihood, compliance

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difficulty, economics, cost-benefit, and similar factors. 1

(c) Smoking shall not be permitted in a patient room of a health facility if any person assigned to such room requests that he or she be assigned to a nonsmoking room unless there is no other appropriate patient room available. Smoking shall be prohibited in public patient care areas of a health facility except those areas specifically designated as smoking areas.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, any facility or area may be designated in its entirety as a no smoking area by the owner or manager

12 thereof.

(a) In any facilities subject to this article, 1404. clearly legible signs shall be conspicuously posted in 14 every no smoking section or no smoking area established pursuant to this article, which signs shall state that 16 smoking in such section or area is unlawful. The signs shall be sufficiently numerous to give reasonable notice to all persons in a no smoking section or no smoking area that tobacco smoking is unlawful. Such posting shall be the obligation of the lessee of leased premises and the obligation of the owner of premises which are not leased. In order that the lessee of leased premises or the owner of premises which are not leased may adopt signs adapted to their business needs, decor, and the nature of clientele or other members of the public frequenting such premises, the number, quality, type, and size of the signs required pursuant to this article shall not be specified by the Department of Industrial Relations by order or regulation, except when an alleged violation of the provisions of this section has occurred at the facility which is subject to such an order or regulation, any such order or regulation shall be issued after notice and hearing.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the standards adopted pursuant to Section 1408 shall designate are as and facilities where the posting of no smoking signs is unnecessary to fulfill the purpose of this article. No signs shall be required to be posted in such a

designated area or facility. 40

l	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
2	section, in any no smoking section or area in which signs
3	indicating that smoking is not permitted are already
į	conspicuously posted, signs otherwise required by this
5	section are not required to be posted until such
ò	preexisting signs are worn out or removed.

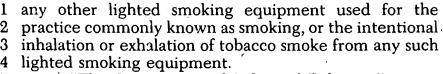
1405. (a) Knowing violation of any provision of this article is an infraction. Any person who violates any provision of this article shall be subject to a fine of not more than fifteen dollars (\$15) for each violation.

- (b) Enforcement of this article shall be by citation. No person may be taken into custody or be subject to search by peace officers solely because of the violation or suspected violation of a provision of this article.
- (c) Each day on which a knowing violation of the sign-posting requirements provided in this article occurs shall be a distinct and separate violation.
- (d) The Department of Industrial Relations and local law enforcement departments shall enforce the sign-posting requirements provided in this article. Local law enforcement departments shall enforce the other provisions of this article.
- 1406. No person shall discharge or refuse to hire any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant exercises any rights afforded in this article.
- 1407. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), and notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1408, it is intended that this article shall preempt and wholly occupy the field of legislation, or other regulation, of smoking.
- (b) The provisions of this section shall not invalidate any other state law specifically affecting tobacco smoking in effect on the effective date of this section.
- 1408. (a) On or before July 1, 1981, the Department of Industrial Relations shall adopt, and may thereafter amend, revise, or repeal standards in accordance with Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code to implement the provisions of this article. The standards

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1 2	shall, among other things, specify those facilities and areas which may be designated in their entirety as	
3	smoking areas pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section	
4	1403, provided no such standard shall be founded upon	
5	workplace safety.	
6	(b) The Department of Industrial Relations shall have	
7	exclusive administrative jurisdiction under the provisions	ſ
8	of this article with respect to the issuance of standards for	
9	the establishment and designation of smoking and no	
10	smoking sections and areas.	
11	(c) The Department of Industrial Relations shall use	
12	existing resources and shall not request or obtain	
13	increased budgetary allocations to carry out its duties	
·14	imposed pursuant to the provisions of this article. No	
15	special bureaucracy shall be created within the	
16	Department of Industrial Relations or within any other	
17	governmental agency for the administration of the	
18	provisions of this article or the standards adopted	
19	pursuant thereto.	_
20	1409. Unless the context otherwise requires, the	
21	following definitions shall govern the provisions of this article:	L
22 23	(a) "Place of employment" means any fully enclosed	
23 24	area under the control of a public or private employer	
25	which employees normally frequent during the course of	Γ
26	employment, including, but not limited to, work areas,	Ĺ
27	employee lounges, meeting rooms, and employee	
28	cafeterias. A private residence is not a "place of	
29	employment:"	
30	(b) "Public place" means any area to which the public	
31	is invited or in which the public is permitted, including,	
32	but not limited to, restaurants, theaters, waiting rooms,	
33	reception areas, and instrumentalities of public	
34	transportation. A private residence is not a "public	
35	place."	
36	(c) "Second-hand smoke" means both tobacco smoke	
37	from the burning ends of cigarettes, cigars, and pipes and	
38	tobacco smoke exhaled by persons who smoke.	

(d) "Smoking" or to "smoke" means and includes the carrying or holding of a lighted cigarette, cigar, pipe or



- (e) "The Department of Industrial Relations" means the Department of Industrial Relations or any successor thereof.
- (f) The standards adopted pursuant to Section 1407 shall contain such other definitions as the Department of Industrial Relations shall deem appropriate to carry out the purposes of this article.

1409.5. If any provision of this article or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, any such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this article which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end, the provisions of this article are severable.

SEC. 4. The Department of Industrial Relations shall adopt regulations required by the provisions of Article 3 (commencing with Section 1401) of Part 4 of Division 2 of the Labor Code on or before July 1, 1981.

SEC. 5. The sum of ______ dollars (\$_____) is hereby appropriated from the General Fund to the Controller for allocation and disbursement to local agencies and school districts to reimburse them for costs mandated by the state and incurred by them pursuant to this act.

SEC. 6. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting such necessity are:

Breathing of second-hand tobacco smoke for extended periods may cause disease in healthy nonsmokers or aggrevate the condition of the millions of Californians with heart or lung disease. Second-hand tobacco smoke can cause irritation of eyes, nasal passages, lungs, and skin of allergic persons and causes unnecessary discomfort to nonsmokers. In order to protect the public health and safety and in order to reduce the disease of healthy

- persons and eliminate aggrevation of the condition of sick
- 2 persons at the earliest possible time, it is necessary that 3 this act take immediate effect.