

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO BUILD

Street No. 1514 <sup>2</sup> Lot 8 1/2 <sup>2</sup> Block 2 <sup>15</sup>

Owner J. A. Jones Address 1530 1/2 J.

Architect Address

Contractor J. G. Bardsall Address 1530 1/2 J.

Kind of Building Frame, 2 1/2 story

Foundation

Permit  
1089  
Date  
5/2/22  
District  
1-2

Posts	Girder		Span		Mud Sills	
	1st Floor	2nd Floor	3rd Floor	4th Floor	5th Floor	6th Floor

Joists						
Max. Span	Build 16 x 16 Wood Stud					
Bearing Partitions	on Rafters					
Non Bearing Part'ns						
Story Height	no mat. c.					
Outside Walls						

Ceiling Joists Span

Roof Rafters

Water Heater Chimney

Size of Building—Length Width Height

It is hereby agreed that this building will be constructed in conformity with the Ordinances of the City of Sacramento and the Laws of the State of California.

Estimated Cost, \$ 250 -

Plans must be submitted

J. A. Jones

Owner or Owner's Representative.

1. The first step in the process of identifying a problem is to define the problem clearly and precisely. This involves identifying the specific issue or goal that needs to be addressed and determining the scope and boundaries of the problem.

2. Once the problem is defined, the next step is to gather relevant information and data. This may involve conducting research, consulting experts, or collecting data from various sources. The goal is to gain a deeper understanding of the problem and its underlying causes.

3. After gathering information, the next step is to analyze the data and identify the root causes of the problem. This involves looking for patterns, trends, and relationships that can help explain the problem and its underlying causes.

4. Once the root causes are identified, the next step is to develop a plan of action. This involves identifying the specific steps that need to be taken to address the problem and determining the resources and time needed to implement the plan.

5. The final step in the process is to implement the plan and monitor the results. This involves putting the plan into action and tracking progress over time to ensure that the problem is being effectively addressed and that the desired outcomes are being achieved.

6. Finally, it is important to evaluate the results of the process and determine whether the problem has been effectively resolved. This may involve conducting a post-mortem analysis or seeking feedback from stakeholders to identify areas for improvement and prevent similar problems from occurring in the future.

7. In conclusion, the process of identifying a problem is a multi-step process that involves defining the problem, gathering information, analyzing data, developing a plan, implementing the plan, and evaluating the results. By following these steps, individuals and organizations can effectively address and resolve a wide range of problems.

8. It is important to note that the process of identifying a problem is not always linear and may involve revisiting previous steps as more information is gathered or as the problem evolves. Additionally, the process may vary depending on the nature and complexity of the problem.

9. Overall, the process of identifying a problem is a critical component of effective problem-solving and is essential for individuals and organizations to successfully address and resolve a wide range of challenges.

10. By following these steps and remaining flexible and open to new information, individuals and organizations can effectively identify and resolve a wide range of problems and achieve their desired goals.

11. In summary, the process of identifying a problem is a multi-step process that involves defining the problem, gathering information, analyzing data, developing a plan, implementing the plan, and evaluating the results. By following these steps, individuals and organizations can effectively address and resolve a wide range of problems.

12. Finally, it is important to remember that the process of identifying a problem is not a one-time event and may need to be repeated as new information is gathered or as the problem evolves. By remaining flexible and open to new information, individuals and organizations can effectively identify and resolve a wide range of problems.