

CITY OF SACRAMENTO

1231 I Street, Sacramento, CA 95814

Permit No: 0602845

Insp Area: 2

Thos Bros: 336G3

Site Address: 395 COUNTRY RIVER WY SAC PAID  
Parcel No: 031-1020-019  
CITY OF SACRAMENTO

Sub-Type: RES  
Housing (Y/N): N

CONTRACTOR  
MONARCH ROOFING INC  
826Z ALPINE AVE SUITE A  
SACRAMENTO, CA 95826

OWNER  
LEDESMA JAMES/LEENNA A  
395 COUNTRY RIVER WY  
SACRAMENTO, CA 95826  
NEIGHBORHOOD PLANNING  
AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES  
MAR 12 2006

ARCHITECT

Nature of Work: REROOF - T/O; RESHEET; INSTALL METAL BATTEN SYSTEM; INSTALL 23SQ EAGLELITE TILE ON 2-STORY SFD

CONSTRUCTION LENDING AGENCY : I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that there is a construction lending agency for the performance of the work for which this permit is issued (Sec. 3097, Civ. C).

Lender's Name \_\_\_\_\_ Lender's Address \_\_\_\_\_

LICENSED CONTRACTORS DECLARATION: I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that I am licensed under provisions of Chapter 9 (commencing with section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code and my license is in full force and effect.

License Class C39 License Number 806787 Date 3-2-06 Contractor Signature [Signature]

OWNER-BUILDER DECLARATION: I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that I am exempt from the contractors License Law for the following reason (Sec. 7031.5, Business and Professions Code; any city or county which requires a permit to construct, alter, improve, demolish, or repair any structure, prior to its issuance, also requires the applicant for such permit to file a signed statement that he or she is licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Contractors License Law (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of Division 8 of the Business and Professions Code) or that he or she is exempt therefrom and the basis for the alleged exemption. Any violation of Section 7031.5 by any applicant for a permit subjects the applicant to a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00);

I, as a owner of the property, or my employees with wages as their sole compensation, will do the work, and the structure is not intended or offered for sale (Sec. 7044, Business and Professional Code: The Contractors License Law does not apply to an owner of property who builds or improves thereon, and who does such work himself or herself or through his/her own employees, provided that such improvements are not intended or offered for sale. If, however, the building or improvement is sold within one year of completion, the owner-builder will have the burden of proving that he/she did not build or improve for the purpose of sale.)

I, as owner of the property, am exclusively contracting with licensed contractors to construct the project (Sec. 7044, Business and Professions Code: The Contractors License Law does not apply to an owner of property who builds or improves thereon, and who contracts for such projects with a contractor(s) licensed pursuant to the Contractors License Law).

I am exempt under Sec. \_\_\_\_\_ B & PC for this reason: \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Owner Signature \_\_\_\_\_

IN ISSUING THIS BUILDING PERMIT, the applicant represents, and the city relies on the representation of the applicant, that the applicant verified all measurements and locations shown on the application or accompanying drawings and that the improvement to be constructed does not violate any law or private agreement relating to permissible or prohibited locations for such improvements. This building permit does not authorize any illegal location of any improvement or the violation of any private agreement relating to location of improvements.

I certify that I have read this application and state that all information is correct. I agree to comply with all city and county ordinances and state laws relating to building construction and hereby authorize representative(s) of this city to enter upon the abovementioned property for inspection purposes.

Date 3-2-06 Applicant/Agent Signature [Signature]

WORKER'S COMPENSATION DECLARATION: I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury one of the following declarations:

I have and will maintain a certificate of consent to self-insure for workers' compensation as provided for by Section 3700 of the Labor Code, for the performance of work for which the permit is issued.

I have and will maintain workers' compensation insurance, as required by Section 3700 of the Labor Code, for the performance of the work for which this permit is issued. My workers' compensation insurance carrier and policy number are:

Carrier AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE Policy Number 005-00016796 Exp Date 04/30/2006

(This section need not be completed if the permit is for \$100 or less) I certify that in the performance of the work for which this permit is issued, I shall not employ any person in any manner so as to become subject to the workers' compensation laws of California and agree that if I should become subject to the workers' compensation provisions of Section 3700 of the Labor Code, I shall forthwith comply with these provisions.

Date 3-2-06 Applicant Signature [Signature]

WARNING: FAILURE TO SECURE WORKER'S COMPENSATION COVERAGE IS UNLAWFUL AND SHALL SUBJECT AN EMPLOYER TO CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND CIVIL FINES UP TO ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$100,000) IN ADDITION TO THE COST OF COMPENSATION, DAMAGES AS PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 3706 OF THE LABOR CODE, INTEREST AND ATTORNEY'S FEE.

THIS PERMIT SHALL EXPIRE BY LIMITATION IF WORK IS NOT COMMENCED WITHIN 180 DAYS.

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Ledesma

#0602845 395 COUNTRY RIVER

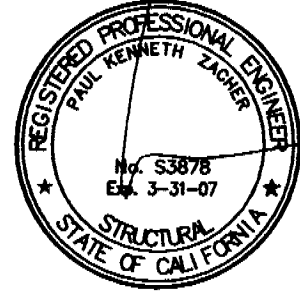
PZSE, Inc. - Structural Engineers  
4701 Lakeside Way  
Fair Oaks, CA 95628

TEL: (916) 961-3960  
FAX: (916) 961-6552  
e-mail: paul@pzse.com

February 22, 2006

# CITY COPY

Monarch Roofing  
8262 Alpine Avenue, Suite A  
Sacramento, CA 95826  
TEL: (916) 978-3182  
FAX: (916) 456-1703



Attn.: Mr. Neal Weber,

re: Job 2006019: LEDESMA

Subject: Structural Investigation Report of the Roof for the Residence located at 395 Country River Way, Sacramento, CA 95831.

As requested by Mr. Neal Weber, this is a report to determine what needs should be addressed to correct any structural deficiencies of the roof. Paul Zacher visited the site January 31, 2006. The investigation was made to determine the existing condition of the structure. All information, data and analysis contained within this report are based on the 1997 Uniform Building Code with 2001 CBC Title 24 Amendments.

The following is based on visual observations with no subsurface investigation being made.

**DESCRIPTION:**

Type of Facility: Residence.  
Year Built: Estimated 1980's vintage.  
Occupancy: Residential.  
No. of Stories: Two.  
Dimensions: Approximately 3000 square feet.



This set of plans and specifications must be kept on the job at all times and it is unlawful to make any changes or alterations from the same without written permission from the Building Inspection Division. The approval of this plan and specification SHALL NOT be held to permit or approve the violation of any City Ordinance or State Law.

*[Signature]* 3-3-06

**CONSTRUCTION:**

Roof:  
The roof covering will consist of a Light Weight Concrete Tile over a batten system. The roof structure is framed with pre-engineered wood trusses spaced at 24" on center. One area had no access and was not inspected.

**CONCLUSIONS:**

Roof:  
The roof structure has sufficient structural capacity for the applied live and dead loads. No conclusion is drawn for the area that is inaccessible and not inspected.

PZSE, INC. - STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS  
4701 LAKESIDE WAY  
FAIR OAKS, CA 95628

Ledesma

PZSE, Inc. - Structural Engineers  
4701 Lakeside Way  
Fair Oaks, CA 95628

TEL: (916) 961-3960  
FAX: (916) 961-6552  
e-mail: paul@pzse.com

**RECOMMENDATIONS:**

If any of the following recommendations do not correspond to actual field conditions, the engineer of record shall be notified for further investigation and evaluation before continuing work.

**Roof Structure:**

1. After the roofing material has been removed, the contractor shall verify that the framing in the inaccessible portion of the structure does not exceed the following:

Vaulted Ceiling Portion:

c. 2x8 @ 24" oc - max span = 13'-9"

If the framing differs from the above, the contractor shall supply the engineer with diagrams showing the member sizes and span lengths. The engineer shall then determine if the structure can adequately support the applied dead and live loads and a supplemental report shall be issued. See detail 1.

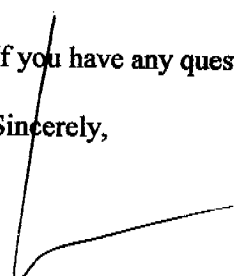
It shall be noted that small hairline cracking may occur at exterior stucco and interior gypboard finished walls that are load bearing or distributing roof strut loads. These cracks are a natural occurrence as the existing structure re-distributes the new roof weight. They are cosmetic in nature and are not an indication of a structural hazard or failure.

It shall be noted that some deflection of the rafters may be evident after installation of the tile. The existing roof framing has deflected but this may not be readily evident due to the uneven nature of the existing roofing material. Concrete tile is a very consistent and uniform product and when installed in an even plane, even small deflections can become apparent. This is only a cosmetic issue and not a structural concern.

The inspection consisted of visual observation only, made solely to determine the structural capacity of the existing roof. Analysis does not determine any effects on the overall structure under lateral forces or effects on the foundation unless specifically noted in the calculations and in this document. No warranties, expressed or implied, are made or intended in conjunction with this report. The inspection was made only to the portions that were accessible. The specific items noted were those that were observable and there may be defects that are not observable, or are hidden by architectural and structural materials.

If you have any questions on the above, do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,



Paul Zacher, S.E.

**DESIGN LOADING:**

Roof Pitch	6	in 12
Pitch Adjustment Factor	1.12	

**LOCATION: VAULT BATTEN SYSTEM**

<u>MATERIAL</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	
Light Weight Tile	7.30	psf
Roofing felt	0.30	psf
Batten system	0.50	psf
1x4 skip sht'g	1.09	psf
2x8 rafters @ 24" oc	1.32	psf
Batt/blown insul	0.50	psf
1/2" Gypboard	<u>2.50</u>	psf
	Load	13.5 psf
	Roof Pitch Adjustment	<u>1.60</u> psf
	Total Load	15.1 psf

The dead and live load on truss top chord is placed along the length of the top chord. Therefore, the live load is as follows:

Live Load on top chord	14.3	psf
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**LOCATION: TOP CHORD BATTEN SYSTEM**

<u>MATERIAL</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	
Light Weight Tile	7.30	psf
Roofing felt	0.30	psf
Batten system	0.50	psf
1x4 skip sht'g	1.09	psf
2x4 truss @ 24" oc	<u>0.64</u>	psf
	Total Load	9.8 psf

**LOCATION: BOTTOM CHORD BATTEN SYSTEM**

<u>MATERIAL</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	
Batt/blown insul	0.50	psf
2x4 truss @ 24" oc	1.28	psf
1/2" Gypboard	<u>2.50</u>	psf
	Load	4.3 psf

Job #: 06\_019

Date: 02/22/2006

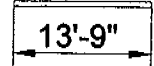
LOADING:

Vault:

Dr = 15.1 psf x 2'-0" = 30.2 plf  
 Lr = 16.0 psf x 2'-0" = 32.0 plf

2x8 #2

30.2 / 32.0

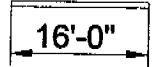


B1:

Dr = 14.9 psf x 4'-0" = 60 plf  
 Lr = 16.0 psf x 4'-0" = 64 plf

4x12 #2

60 / 64

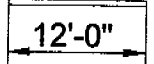


B2:

Dr = 15.1 psf x 10'-0" = 151 plf  
 Lr = 16.0 psf x 10'-0" = 160 plf

4x12 #1

151 / 160



#### Description RAFTERS AND BEAMS

#### Timber Member Information Code Ref: 1997/2001 NDS, 2000/2003 IBC, 2003 NFPA 5000. Base allowables are user defined

		vault	B1	B2
<b>Timber Section</b>		2x8	4x12	4x12
Beam Width	in	1.500	3.500	3.500
Beam Depth	in	7.250	11.250	11.250
Le: Unbraced Length	ft	0.00	0.00	0.00
Timber Grade		Douglas Fir - Larch, No.2	Douglas Fir - Larch, No.2	Douglas Fir - Larch, No.1
Fb - Basic Allow	psi	875.0	875.0	1,000.0
Fv - Basic Allow	psi	95.0	95.0	95.0
Elastic Modulus	ksi	1,600.0	1,600.0	1,700.0
Load Duration Factor		1.250	1.250	1.250
Member Type		Sawn	Sawn	Sawn
Repetitive Status		Repetitive	No	No

#### Center Span Data

Span	ft	13.75	16.00	12.00
Dead Load	#/ft	30.20	60.00	151.00
Live Load	#/ft	32.00	64.00	160.00

#### Results

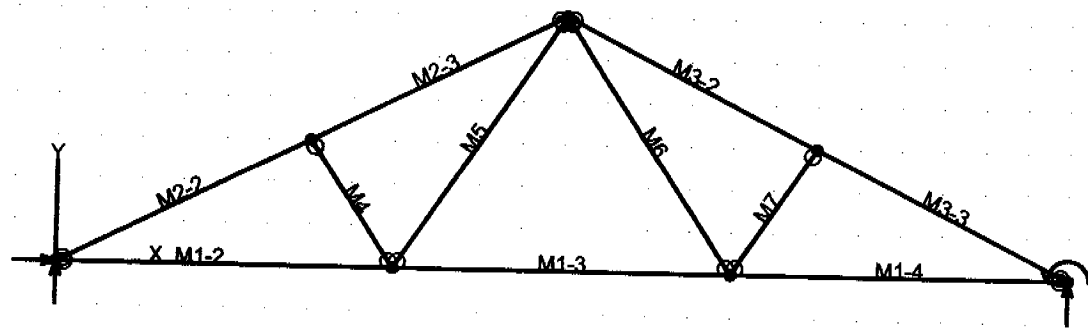
	Ratio =			
Mmax @ Center @ X =	in-k ft	17.64	47.62	67.18
fb : Actual	psi	1,342.4	645.0	909.9
Fb : Allowable	psi	1,509.4	1,203.1	1,375.0
		Bending OK	Bending OK	Bending OK
fv : Actual	psi	54.3	33.6	60.3
Fv : Allowable	psi	118.8	118.8	118.8
		Shear OK	Shear OK	Shear OK

#### Reactions

@ Left End	DL	lbs	207.62	480.00	906.00
	LL	lbs	220.00	512.00	960.00
	Max. DL+LL	lbs	427.62	992.00	1,866.00
@ Right End	DL	lbs	207.62	480.00	906.00
	LL	lbs	220.00	512.00	960.00
	Max. DL+LL	lbs	427.62	992.00	1,866.00

#### Deflections

		Deflection OK	Deflection OK	Deflection OK
Center DL Defl	in	-0.319	-0.133	-0.100
L/Defl Ratio		517.8	1,442.0	1,443.1
Center LL Defl	in	-0.338	-0.142	-0.106
L/Defl Ratio		488.6	1,351.9	1,361.9
Center Total Defl	in	-0.656	-0.275	-0.206
Location	ft	6.875	8.000	6.000
L/Defl Ratio		251.4	697.7	700.6



6

# Truss 1

VisualAnalysis 4.00 Report

Company: Paul Zacher - Structural Engineers Engineer: Paul Zacher

File: C:\Documents and Settings\Paul\Desktop\Ledesma06\_019\Truss 1.vap

## Nodes

Node	X ft	Y ft	Fix DX	Fix DY	Fix RZ
N1	0.00	0.00	Yes	Yes	No
N2	24.00	0.00	No	"	Yes
N3	12.00	6.00	"	No	No
N4	8.00	0.00	"	"	"
N5	16.00	0.00	"	"	"
N6	6.00	3.00	"	"	"
N7	18.00	3.00	"	"	"

## Member Elements

Member	Section	Material	Length ft
M1-2	SS2x4	Wood	8.00
M1-3	"	"	8.00
M1-4	"	"	8.00
M2-2	"	"	6.71
M2-3	"	"	6.71
M3-2	"	"	6.71
M3-3	"	"	6.71
M4	"	"	3.61
M5	"	"	7.21
M6	"	"	7.21
M7	"	"	3.61

## Section Properties

Category	Section	Ax in <sup>2</sup>	Iz in <sup>4</sup>	Sy+ in <sup>3</sup>	Sy- in <sup>3</sup>
Wood Sha	SS2x4	5.25	5.36	3.06	3.06

## Material Properties

Material	Strength psi	Elasticity psi	Poisson	Density lb/ft <sup>3</sup>
Wood	-NA-	1200000.00	0.36	40.47

## Load Combination Summary

Equation Case: UBC97 12.8a

Combination: 1D+1Lr

Contributing Cases & Source

Dead Load (Dead loads)

Roof Live Load (Roof Live loads)

## Nodal Reactions

Node	Load Case	FX	FY	MZ
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7

		<i>lb</i>	<i>lb</i>	<i>lb-ft</i>
N1	UBC97 12.8a	0.00	681.60	-NA-
N2	"	-NA-	681.60	0.00

## Member Results

Member	Fx <i>lb</i>	Vy <i>lb</i>	Mz <i>lb-ft</i>	Dx <i>in</i>	Dy <i>in</i>
M1-2	1084.93	-40.32	-47.34	0.02	-0.11
"	1084.93	-17.38	29.57	0.01	-0.13
"	1084.93	5.55	45.35	0.01	-0.10
"	<b>1084.93</b>	28.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
M1-3	678.02	-34.40	-47.34	0.03	-0.11
"	678.02	-11.47	13.79	0.02	-0.13
"	678.02	11.47	13.79	0.02	-0.13
"	678.02	34.40	-47.34	0.02	-0.11
M1-4	1084.93	-28.48	0.00	0.04	0.00
"	1084.93	-5.55	45.35	0.04	-0.10
"	1084.93	17.38	29.57	0.03	-0.13
"	1084.93	40.32	-47.34	0.03	-0.11
M2-2	<b>-1262.4</b>	98.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
"	-1219.3	12.75	<b>124.82</b>	-0.01	-0.15
"	-1176.2	-73.48	56.92	-0.01	-0.16
"	-1133.1	<b>-159.70</b>	<b>-203.70</b>	-0.02	-0.11
M2-3	-1093.2	<b>159.70</b>	-203.70	-0.02	-0.11
"	-1050.1	73.48	56.92	-0.02	-0.19
"	-1007.0	-12.75	124.82	-0.02	<b>-0.22</b>
"	-963.88	-98.97	0.00	-0.03	-0.11
M3-2	-1093.2	-159.70	-203.70	0.05	-0.09
"	-1050.1	-73.48	56.92	0.06	-0.17
"	-1007.0	12.75	124.82	0.06	-0.20
"	-963.88	98.97	0.00	0.07	-0.09
M3-3	-1262.4	-98.97	0.00	0.04	<b>0.02</b>
"	-1219.3	-12.75	124.82	0.04	-0.13
"	-1176.2	73.48	56.92	0.05	-0.14
"	-1133.1	159.70	-203.70	0.05	-0.09
M4	-321.88	0.00	0.00	0.10	-0.05
"	-321.88	0.00	0.00	0.10	-0.04
"	-321.88	0.00	0.00	0.10	-0.03
"	-321.88	0.00	0.00	0.10	-0.03
M5	411.68	0.00	0.00	-0.08	-0.08
"	411.68	0.00	0.00	-0.08	-0.08
"	411.68	0.00	0.00	-0.08	-0.08
"	411.68	0.00	0.00	<b>-0.08</b>	-0.07
M6	411.68	0.00	0.00	0.10	-0.04
"	411.68	0.00	0.00	0.10	-0.04
"	411.68	0.00	0.00	0.10	-0.04
"	411.68	0.00	0.00	<b>0.11</b>	-0.04
M7	-321.88	0.00	0.00	-0.08	-0.08
"	-321.88	0.00	0.00	-0.08	-0.08
"	-321.88	0.00	0.00	-0.08	-0.07
"	-321.88	0.00	0.00	-0.08	-0.06

**BENDING & COMP: TRUSS 1 - MEMBER 2-2**

Design based on 1997 UBC 2321 Division V and ANSI/TPI 1-1995

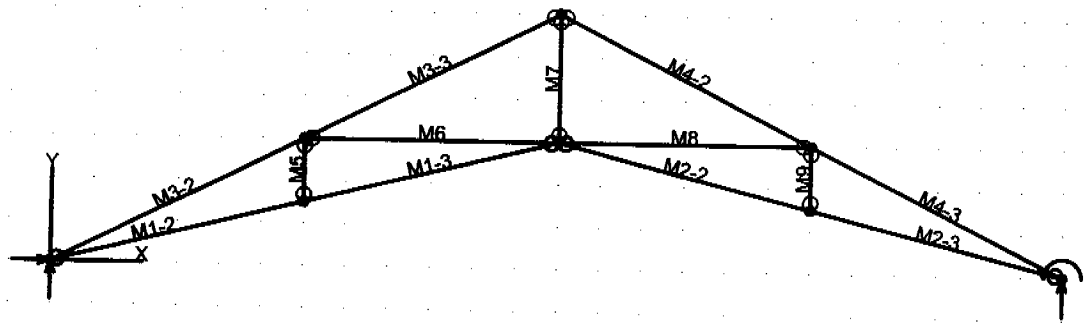
Grading:

2x or 4x                      Doug-fir larch: No. 2

Assumptions:

Solid sheathing on top chord of truss. Therefore,  
continuous lateral support is provided along compression face  
Maximum center-center spacing = 24"

Width, b	1.5 inches
Depth, d	3.5 inches
Length	6.71 feet
Max Axial Comp, C	1133 lbs
Max Reaction, R	159 lbs
Max Moment, M	203 ft-lbs
Max LL Deflection	0.06 inches
Max TL Deflection	0.11 inches
LL Defl Criteria = L/	240
TL Defl Criteria = L/	180
Duration factor, Cd	1.25
Repetitive Factor, Cr	1.15
Size Factor, Cf bending	1.5 1.5 for 2x4, 1.3 for 2x6
Size Factor, Cf comp	1.15 1.15 for 2x4, 1.1 for 2x6
Buckling Factor, CT =	1.18
fc =	216 psi
Fce=	1142 psi
Fc*=	2084 psi
F'c=	972 psi
fb=	795 psi
F'b=Fb*=	2156 psi
Shear D/C ratio	0.38 < 1.0, Member OK
Interaction equation: (fc/F'c) <sup>2</sup> +	
fb/ (F'b(1-fc/Fce)) =	0.50 < 1.0, Member OK
Live Load defl ratio	0.18 < 1.0, Member OK
Total Load defl ratio	0.25 < 1.0, Member OK



## Truss 2

VisualAnalysis 4.00 Report

Company: Paul Zacher - Structural Engineers Engineer: Paul Zacher

File: C:\Documents and Settings\Paul\Desktop\Ledesma06\_019\Truss 2.vap

### Nodes

Node	X ft	Y ft	Fix DX	Fix DY	Fix RZ
N1	24.00	0.00	No	Yes	Yes
N2	0.00	0.00	Yes	"	No
N3	12.00	6.00	No	No	"
N4	12.00	3.00	"	"	"
N5	6.00	1.50	"	"	"
N6	18.00	1.50	"	"	"
N7	6.00	3.00	"	"	"
N8	18.00	3.00	"	"	"

### Member Elements

Member	Section	Material	Length ft
M1-2	SS2x4	Wood	6.18
M1-3	"	"	6.18
M2-2	"	"	6.18
M2-3	"	"	6.18
M3-2	"	"	6.71
M3-3	"	"	6.71
M4-2	"	"	6.71
M4-3	"	"	6.71
M5	"	"	1.50
M6	"	"	6.00
M7	"	"	3.00
M8	"	"	6.00
M9	"	"	1.50

### Section Properties

Category	Section	Ax in <sup>2</sup>	Iz in <sup>4</sup>	Sy+ in <sup>3</sup>	Sy- in <sup>3</sup>
Wood Sha	SS2x4	5.25	5.36	3.06	3.06

### Material Properties

Material	Strength psi	Elasticity psi	Poisson	Density lb/ft <sup>3</sup>
Wood	-NA-	1200000.00	0.36	40.47

### Load Combination Summary

Equation Case: UBC97 12.8a

Combination: 1D+1Lr

Contributing Cases & Source

Dead Load (Dead loads)

Roof Live Load (Roof Live loads)

## Nodal Reactions

Node	Load Case	FX lb	FY lb	MZ lb-ft
N1	UBC97 12.8a	-NA-	674.40	0.00
N2	"	0.00	674.40	-NA-

## Member Results

Member	Fx lb	Vy lb	Mz lb-ft	Dx in	Dy in
M1-2	2176.19	28.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
"	2180.36	11.38	40.65	0.01	-0.19
"	2184.53	-5.31	46.91	0.02	-0.34
"	2188.70	-21.99	18.79	0.03	-0.43
M1-3	2177.71	21.99	18.79	0.03	-0.43
"	2181.88	5.31	46.91	0.03	-0.49
"	2186.05	-11.38	40.65	0.04	-0.51
"	<b>2190.22</b>	-28.07	0.00	0.05	-0.47
M2-2	2177.71	-21.99	18.79	0.29	-0.35
"	2181.88	-5.31	46.91	0.29	-0.41
"	2186.05	11.38	40.65	0.28	-0.43
"	2190.22	28.07	0.00	0.27	-0.39
M2-3	2176.19	-28.07	0.00	0.32	0.08
"	2180.36	-11.38	40.65	0.31	-0.11
"	2184.53	5.31	46.91	0.30	-0.26
"	2188.70	21.99	18.79	0.29	-0.35
M3-2	<b>-2419.8</b>	103.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
"	-2377.3	18.57	<b>136.65</b>	-0.01	-0.29
"	-2334.7	-66.58	82.98	-0.02	-0.41
"	-2292.1	<b>-151.73</b>	<b>-161.01</b>	-0.03	-0.45
M3-3	-1583.8	<b>151.73</b>	-161.01	-0.03	-0.45
"	-1541.2	66.58	82.98	-0.04	-0.57
"	-1498.7	-18.57	136.65	-0.04	<b>-0.60</b>
"	-1456.1	-103.72	0.00	-0.05	-0.47
M4-2	-1583.8	-151.73	-161.01	0.32	-0.30
"	-1541.2	-66.58	82.98	0.33	-0.42
"	-1498.7	18.57	136.65	0.34	-0.45
"	-1456.1	103.72	0.00	0.34	-0.32
M4-3	-2419.8	-103.72	0.00	0.29	0.15
"	-2377.3	-18.57	136.65	0.30	-0.14
"	-2334.7	66.58	82.98	0.31	-0.27
"	-2292.1	151.73	-161.01	0.32	-0.30
M5	45.34	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.13
"	45.34	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.14
"	45.34	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.16
"	45.34	0.00	0.00	<b>0.41</b>	0.17
M6	-769.22	0.00	0.00	0.16	-0.45
"	-769.22	0.00	0.00	0.17	-0.44
"	-769.22	0.00	0.00	0.17	-0.42
"	-769.22	0.00	0.00	0.17	-0.41
M7	1116.87	0.00	0.00	<b>-0.45</b>	-0.16
"	1116.87	0.00	0.00	-0.44	-0.16
"	1116.87	0.00	0.00	-0.44	-0.16
"	1116.87	0.00	0.00	-0.44	-0.16
M8	-769.22	0.00	0.00	0.16	-0.45
"	-769.22	0.00	0.00	0.16	-0.44
"	-769.22	0.00	0.00	0.16	-0.42
"	-769.22	0.00	0.00	0.16	-0.41
M9	45.34	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.16
"	45.34	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.17
"	45.34	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.18
"	45.34	0.00	0.00	0.41	<b>0.20</b>

12

**BENDING & COMP: TRUSS 2 - MEMBER 3-2**

Design based on 1997 UBC 2321 Division V and ANSI/TPI 1-1995

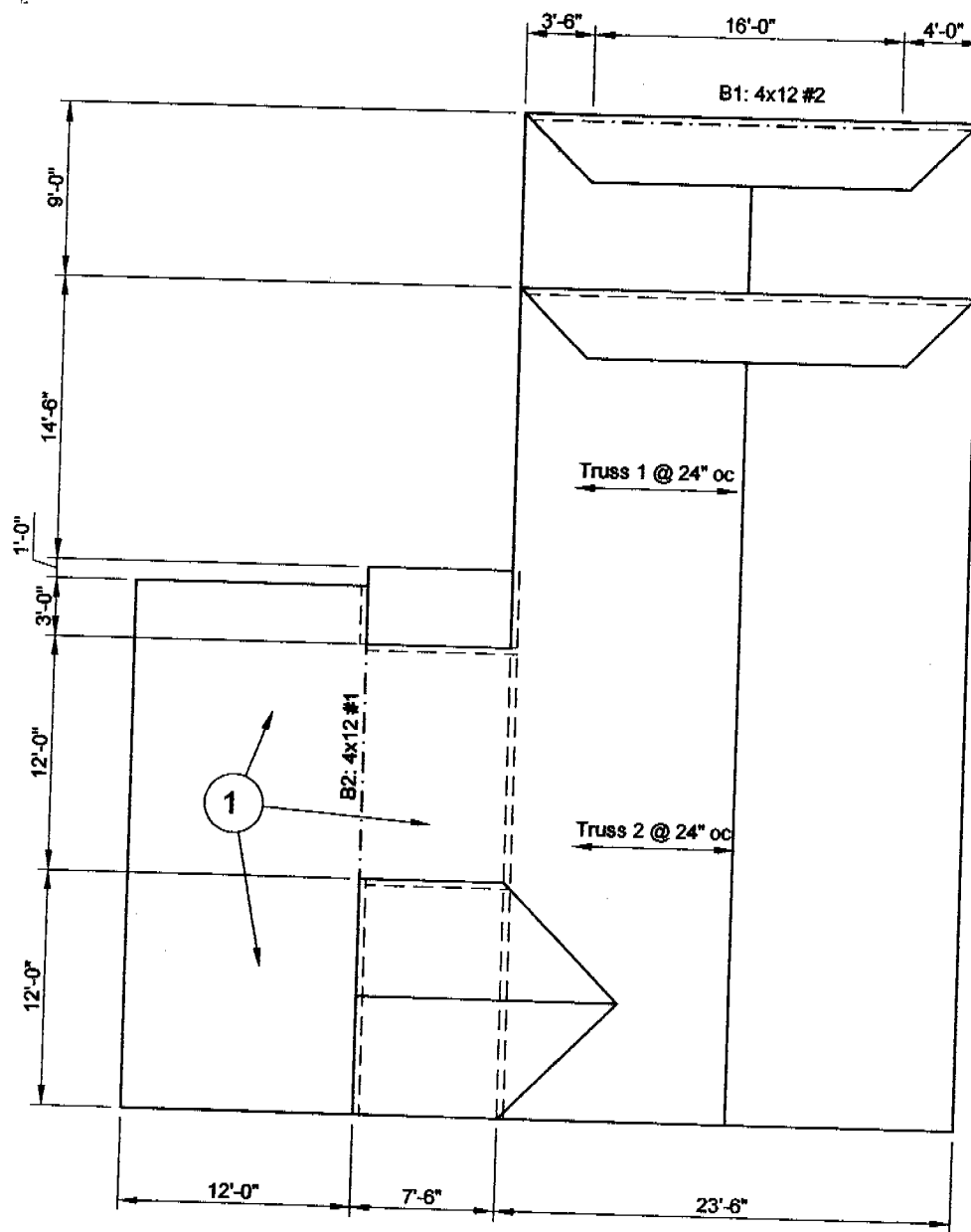
Grading:

2x or 4x                      Doug-fir larch: No. 2

Assumptions:

Solid sheathing on top chord of truss. Therefore,  
continuous lateral support is provided along compression face  
Maximum center-center spacing = 24"

Width, b	1.5 inches
Depth, d	3.5 inches
Length	6.71 feet
Max Axial Comp, C	2292 lbs
Max Reaction, R	151 lbs
Max Moment, M	161 ft-lbs
Max LL Deflection	0.23 inches
Max TL Deflection	0.45 inches
LL Defl Criteria = L/	240
TL Defl Criteria = L/	180
Duration factor, Cd	1.25
Repetitive Factor, Cr	1.15
Size Factor, Cf bending	1.5 1.5 for 2x4, 1.3 for 2x6
Size Factor, Cf comp	1.15 1.15 for 2x4, 1.1 for 2x6
Buckling Factor, CT =	1.18
fc =	437 psi
Fce =	1142 psi
Fc* =	2084 psi
F'c =	972 psi
fb =	631 psi
F'b = Fb* =	2156 psi
Shear D/C ratio	0.36 < 1.0, Member OK
Interaction equation:	
$(fc/F'c)^2 +$	
$fb / (F'b(1-fc/Fce)) =$	0.68 < 1.0, Member OK
Live Load defl ratio	0.69 < 1.0, Member OK
Total Load defl ratio	1.01 OK, only 1% over



**FRAMING NOTES:**

1. No Access. See "Recommendations" for allowable rafter spans.

**NOTES:**

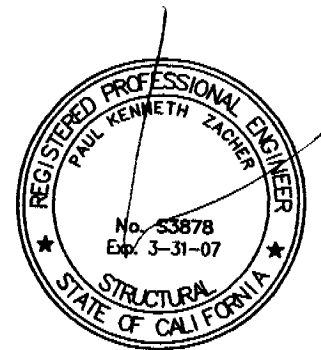
- A. This is a reroof project. The new roofing material shall be a Light Weight Concrete Tile. The tile shall weigh less than or equal to 7.3 psf.
- B. All framing members including rafters, purlins, joists and beams are existing unless otherwise noted in the framing notes above.
- C. All rafters are 2x6 DF#2 and hips and valleys are 2x8 DF#2 unless otherwise noted.
- D. All existing rafter, hips, valleys, rafter ties, and purlins are braced per UBC Section 2320.1 "Roof and Ceiling Framing" unless otherwise shown.
- E. All structural wood members that were observed appear to be in sound condition and without structural defect.

1

**ROOF PLAN - LEDESMA**

Not to Scale

14





# ICBO Evaluation Service, Inc.

5360 WORKMAN MILL ROAD • WHITTIER, CALIFORNIA 90601-2299

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## EVALUATION REPORT

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ER-4488

Reissued May 1, 2000

Filing Category: WALL COVERING (288)

### THERMO-SHEATH SHEATHING

NATIONAL SHELTER PRODUCTS, INC.  
22526 S.E. 64TH PLACE, SUITE 230  
ISSAQUAH, WASHINGTON 98027

#### 1.0 SUBJECT

Thermo-Sheath Sheathing.

#### 2.0 DESCRIPTION

##### 2.1 General:

Thermo-Sheath sheathing, a laminated board consisting of a kraft-paper core with aluminized facings, is recognized as a bracing material and weather-resistant barrier for wood-framed wall construction and as an underlayment for concrete roof tiles. The sheathing has a nominal size of either 48 3/4 by 96 inches (1238 by 2438 mm) or 48 by 96 inches (1219 by 2438 mm). Four sheathings are recognized:

1. Thermo-Sheath Standard, nominal 0.078 inch (2 mm) thick, green print identification.
2. Thermo-Sheath Structural, nominal 0.105 inch (2.7 mm) thick, red print identification.
3. Thermo-Sheath Structural Plus, nominal 0.115 inch (2.9 mm) thick, black print identification.
4. Thermo-Sheath Super Structural, nominal 0.137 inch (3.5 mm) thick, blue print identification.

##### 2.2 Materials:

2.2.1 Core: The core consists of multiple layers of filler and paperboard adhered with a polyvinyl alcohol adhesive.

2.2.2 Facings: The facing materials consist of either aluminum foil or aluminized polyethylene adhered to 40-pound (18 kg) kraft paper.

##### 2.3 Installation:

2.3.1 Walls: Sheathing, having a nominal thickness of 0.105, 0.115, and 0.137 inch (2.7, 2.9 and 3.5 mm), complies as bracing for wood-framed construction in accordance with Section 2320.11.3 of the code when installed vertically on wood framing. The 0.078-inch-thick (2 mm) sheathing is restricted to nonstructural applications. The sheathing edges are supported by studs, top and bottom plates and solid blocking. Table 1 provides installation details for sheathing used structurally, including fastener details, stud spacing and allowable shear values.

Nonstructural applications of the sheathing require that wood-framed walls be braced in accordance with Section 2320.11.3 of the code. Fasteners shall be stainless steel, aluminized, hot-dipped galvanized or electrogalvanized steel. Table 1 lists the fastener schedule for structural applications. Nonstructural sheathing applications require similar fasten-

ers with maximum spacing of 4 inches (102 mm) on center at panel edges and 8 inches (204 mm) on center at intermediate supports.

Panel edges are butt joints or are lapped a minimum of 3/4 inch (19 mm).

2.3.2 Underlayment: Sheathing having a nominal thickness of 0.078 inch (2 mm) complies as an underlayment for concrete and clay roof tiles specifically recognized in an NES or ICBO ES evaluation report. The tile report holder must approve this use. The Thermo-Sheath product is installed under the spaced sheathing and is fastened 12 inches (305 mm) on center along each rafter with 1-inch-long (25.4 mm) galvanized roofing nails or No. 16-gage galvanized staples having 1-inch-long (25.4 mm) legs and 3/8-inch-wide (9.5 mm) crowns. The sheathing installation requires a minimum 2-inch (51 mm) horizontal lap.

Reroofing applications require that the sheathing be applied over the existing spaced sheathing boards and be fastened to the rafters as previously described.

##### 2.4 Identification:

Each sheet bears a stamped label indicating the company name, National Shelter Products, Inc.; the product name; the board thickness; the evaluation report number (ER-4488); and the name of the quality control agency, Ramtech Laboratories, Inc. The labels are color-coded to facilitate easier product identification in the field. See Table 1.

#### 3.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Reports on racking shear, transverse strength, tensile strength, mullen-burst strength, water absorption, moisture vapor transmission, and linear expansion tests, and a quality control manual.

#### 4.0 FINDINGS

That the Thermo-Sheath Sheathing described in this report complies with the 1997 *Uniform Building Code*, subject to the following conditions:

- 4.1 Installation complies with this report and the manufacturer's instructions.
- 4.2 An approved exterior wall covering, capable of resisting loads perpendicular to the face of the wall, is installed over the sheathing.
- 4.3 When sheathing is installed as an approved weather-resistant barrier, the sheathing joints have minimum 3/4-inch (19 mm) laps or approved flashing.
- 4.4 The 0.105-, 0.115-, and 0.137-inch-thick (2.7, 2.9 and 3.5 mm) sheathing complies as bracing as specified in Section 2320.11.3 of the code when installed in accordance with Table 1.

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4.5 The 0.078-inch-thick (2 mm) sheathing is permitted to be an underlayment for concrete and clay roof tiles specifically recognized in an evaluation report.

4.6 The sheathing is manufactured for National Shelter

Products, Inc., in Constantine, Michigan, with quality control inspections by Ramtech Laboratories, Inc. (AA-855).

This report is subject to re-examination in two years.

TABLE 1—ALLOWABLE SHEAR LOAD (PLF)<sup>1,2,3</sup>

THERMO-SHEATH PRODUCT NAME	PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION COLOR	SHEATHING THICKNESS (inch)	FASTENER	FASTENER SPACING (inches on center)	WOOD STUD SPACING (inches on center)	ALLOWABLE SHEAR LOAD (lbs. per foot)
Structural Sheathing	Red	0.105	No. 11 ga. galv. roofing nails or No. 16 ga. x 7/16-inch-crown staples. Minimum fastener length is 1 1/4 inches	3 — panel edges 6 — intermediate supports	16	130
Structural Plus Sheathing	Black	0.113	No. 11 ga. galv. roofing nails or No. 16 ga. x 7/16-inch-crown staples. Minimum fastener length is 1 1/4 inches	3 — panel edges 6 — intermediate supports	16	150
			No. 16 ga. x 1-inch-crown staples. Minimum fastener length is 1 1/4 inches	2 — panel edges 6 — intermediate supports	16	180
Super Structural Sheathing	Blue	0.137	No. 11 ga. galv. roofing nails or No. 16 ga. x 7/16-inch-crown staples. Minimum fastener length is 1 1/4 inches	3 — panel edges 3 — intermediate supports	24	185

For S1: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lb/ft = 14.6 kN/m.

<sup>1</sup>For wind or seismic forces, in pounds per foot, for panels installed vertically on Douglas fir-larch or southern pine studs having a nominal thickness not less than 2 inches (51 mm).

<sup>2</sup>Staple crown must not puncture the sheathing. Staples are installed with the crown parallel to the framing.

<sup>3</sup>The sheathing is applied in minimum 4-by-8-foot (1.2 by 2.4 m) sheets. Blocking having a nominal thickness not less than 2 inches (51 mm) is provided at horizontal joints when the wall height exceeds the length of the sheathing panel. The maximum height-to-width ratio is 2:1.



ICC Evaluation Service, Inc.  
www.icc-es.org

Business/Regional Office • 6380 Workman Mill Road, Whittier, California 90601 • (562) 899-0513  
Regional Office • 760 Mendelsohn Road, Suite A, Birmingham, Alabama 35219 • (205) 890-9100  
Regional Office • 4051 West Fleasmoor Road, Country Club Hills, Illinois 60478 • (708) 789-2306

Legacy report on the 1997 Uniform Building Code™

DIVISION: 07—THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTOR  
Section: 07320—Roof Tile

EAGLE AND EAGLELITE INTERLOCKING CONCRETE ROOFING TILES

EAGLE ROOFING PRODUCTS  
3648 NORTH RIVERSIDE AVENUE  
RIALTO, CALIFORNIA 92377

1.0 SUBJECT

Eagle and Eaglelite™ Interlocking Concrete Roofing Tiles.

2.0 DESCRIPTION

2.1 General:

2.1.1 Eagle Tiles: Eagle conventional-weight interlocking concrete roofing tiles are produced in high-profile (Capistrano), low-profile (Malibu), and flat-profile styles with either smooth surfaces (Bel Air Standard, Bel Air Estate or Standard, Ponderosa Estate, Ponderosa Double Eagle or Ponderosa Golden Eagle), Ridge and rake trim units are produced to match each product.

The tiles are composed of Type II portland cement, washed sand, and proprietary additives. Mineral coloring oxides are added to or are mixed with portland cement and water for surface application following extrusion. Units are cured under controlled temperature and humidity conditions. Tiles are 17 inches (432 mm) long, 12 3/4 inches (315 mm) wide, and either flat or profile style with 1/4-inch-wide (19 mm) interlocking overlaps designed to resist surface water penetration and maintain proper alignment. All tiles have protruding head lugs on the underside, which provide for mechanical attachment over wooden battens, or provide a stable foundation for nail attachment to solid decking. Two nail holes are provided in each tile for use where half tiles are needed at roof edges, chimneys, skylights, etc. Approximate installed dry weight with 3-inch (76 mm) head laps are 9.5 psf (46 kg/m²) for Capistrano Tiles, 9.5 psf (46 kg/m²) for Malibu Tiles and 10.0 psf (49 kg/m²) for Ponderosa and Bel Air Tiles.

2.1.2 Eaglelite Tiles: Eaglelite Tiles are produced in the same size, manner and shapes as the conventional-weight Eagle Tiles described in Section 2.1.1, except for substitution of lightweight aggregates and additives for sand. Approximate installed dry weight with 3-inch (76 mm) head laps are 8.7 psf (42 kg/m²) for Capistrano Tiles, 8.5 psf (41 kg/m²) for Malibu Tiles and 10.0 psf (49 kg/m²) for Ponderosa and Bel Air Tiles.

Malibu Tiles and 7.0 psf (34 kg/m²) for Ponderosa and Bel Air Tiles.

2.2 Installation:

2.2.1 New Construction: Installation shall be in accordance with the Concrete and Clay Roof Tile Installation Manual for Moderate Climate Regions. See evaluation report ER-8034P.

2.2.2 Reroofing: Eagle Tiles, as described in Section 2.1.1, provide a Class A roof when installed over existing asphalt and vertical alignment on the roof. Foreign matter must be cleaned from all interlocking areas. Cracked or broken tiles must be removed from the roof. Damaged or rusted flashing should be replaced. Existing framing must be adequate for the additional load; structural data verifying adequacy should be submitted to the building official. The existing roof must be inspected in accordance with Appendix Chapter 16, Section 1615, of the 1997 Uniform Building Code™ (UBC). When reroofing wood shake roofs, existing shakes must be removed and solid decking and tile must be installed, as with new construction. When installed over existing spaced sheathing boards, underlayment complying with the UBC or an ICC-ES evaluation report, installed with or without battens, may be used: One layer of No. 30 felt or approved equal underlayment must be installed on the roof prior to application of tile; in lieu of this underlayment's being provided, the building official may determine that the existing roof covering provides the required underlayment protection.

Details not covered under this section are identical to those described in Section 2.2.1.

2.3 Roof Classification:

When installed over solid sheathing in accordance with this report, Eagle and Eaglelite roofing tiles are Class A roof coverings in accordance with Section 1504.1 of the UBC. When installed over spaced or solid sheathing in accordance with this report, the tiles are noncombustible roof coverings in accordance with Section 1504.2 of the UBC. The tiles are Class A roof coverings when installed over existing asphalt shingles in accordance with Section 2.2.2 of this report.

2.4 Identification:

The name EAGLE and the evaluation report number (ER-4660) are imprinted on each tile. A tag on each shipping pallet indicates the producing plant location, product identification and the installed weight. Each Eaglelite tile is identified by the product name "Eaglelite" on a tag and a light colored strip across the headlap area.

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3.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Results of tests in accordance with the ICC-ES Interim Criteria for Clay and Concrete Roof Tiles (AC108), dated January 2002, and a quality control manual.

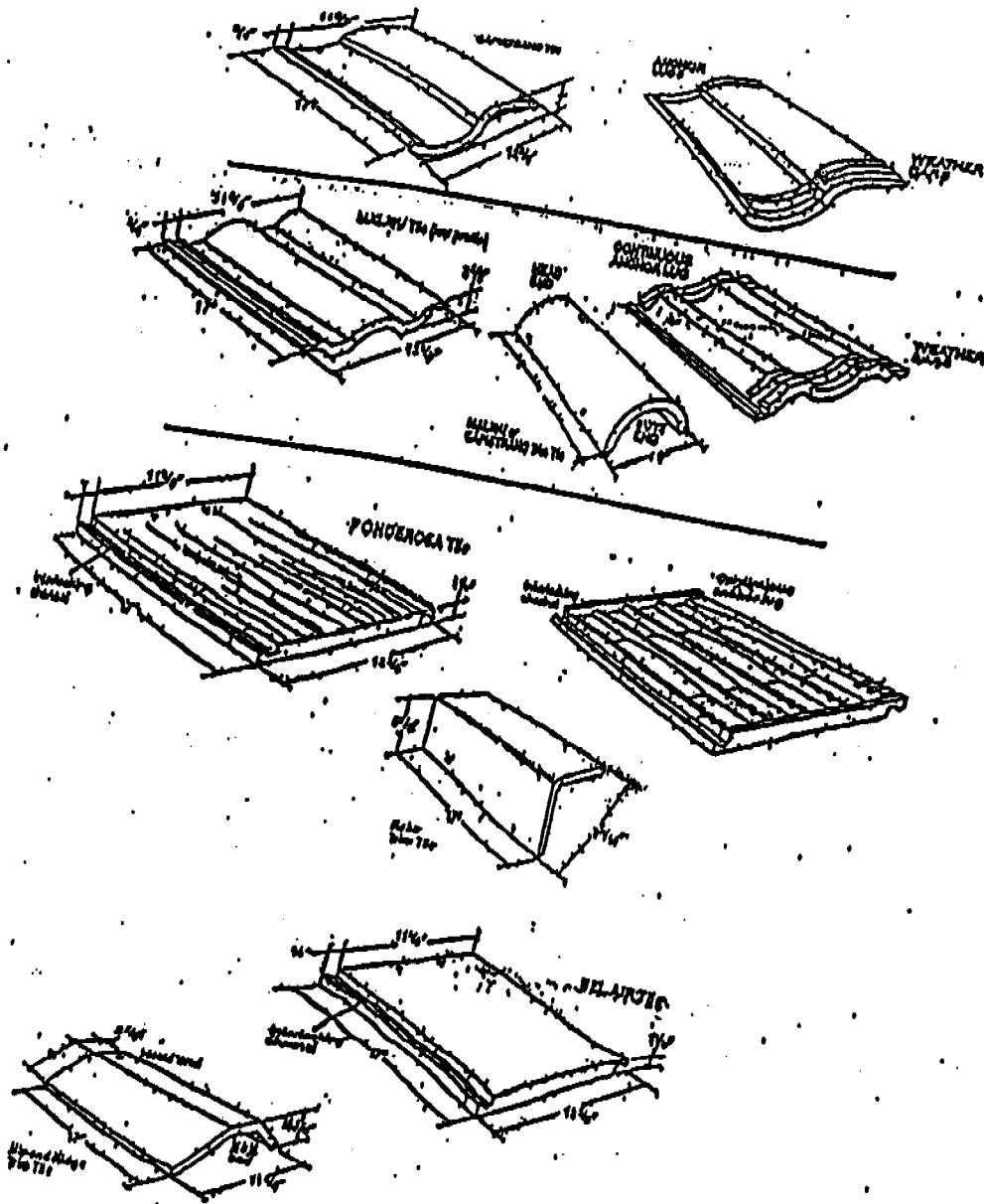
4.0 FINDINGS

That the Eagle Concrete Roofing Tiles described in this report comply with the 1997 Uniform Building Code, subject to the following conditions:

4.1 Tiles are manufactured, identified and installed in accordance with this report and the manufacturer's instructions.

4.2 Tiles are manufactured at Eagle Roofing Products facilities located in Rialto, California, and Phoenix, Arizona.

This report is subject to re-examination in two years.



FIELD AND TRIM SPECIFICATIONS



Job #: 02-234

Date: 6/15/02

LOADING

WIND UPLIFT = 0.17 PSF ↑

TILE (DL) = 8.0 PSF (INCLUDES STAGGER)

TILE (SLIDING ON 6:12 SLOPE) = 8.0 PSF x  $6/\sqrt{130}$  = 4.77 PSF

THERMO PLY = 0.5 PSF

FLEXURAL CAPACITY OF BATTEN (22 GAGE)

$D_F = 8.5 \text{ PSF} \times 13 \frac{1}{2} / 2 = 9.6 \text{ PSF}$

$L_R = 16.0 \times 18.0$

9.6/18.0

2°

$S_{REQD} = \frac{1.5 (27.6) (2)^2}{33,000} = 0.0050 \text{ in}^3$

$S_{ACTUAL} = \frac{I}{C} = \frac{0.019}{7/16} = 0.0297 \text{ in}^3 > 0.005 \text{ OK}$

FLEXURAL CAPACITY OF  
 COUNTER BATTEN (22 GAGE)

NOT APPLICABLE AS THIS MEMBER IS PLACED DIRECTLY  
 OVER AND IS SUPPORTED BY A WOOD RAFTER

AXIAL CAPACITY OF  
 COUNTER BATTEN (25 GAGE)

AREA = 0.104 in<sup>2</sup>

$T = 4.77 \text{ PSF} \times 27 \times 2 = 19 \text{ #}$

TALLOW = 0.6 x 33,000 x 0.104 = 2059 # > 19 # OK

Job #: 02-234

Date: 6/15/02

EASTWIND CAPACITY

COUNTER BATTEN TO DECK:

SHEAR

$$V = 9.77 \text{ PLF} \times 20 \times 20 = 19 \text{ #}$$

$$P_e = F_{em} / F_{cs} = \frac{4650}{55,000} = 0.141$$

$$K_1 = -1 + \left[ \frac{2(1+0.141) + 2(100,000)(1+2(0.141))(0.135)^2}{2 \times 4650 (1/10)^2} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$= -1 + \left[ 4.282 + 0.0272 \right]^{1/2} = 0.5196$$

$$K_2 = -1 + \left[ \frac{2(1+0.141)}{0.141} + \frac{2(100,000)(2+0.141)(0.135)^2}{2 \times 4650 (0.0272)^2} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$K_2 = -1 + \left[ 16.18 + 0.25745 \right]^{1/2} = 24.530$$

MODE III

$$Z = \frac{K_1 D_p F_{em}}{K_2 (1 + 2P_e)} = \frac{0.5196 (0.135) (3^{1/2}) 4650}{2.2 (1 + 2(0.141))} = 405 \text{ #}$$

MODE III

$$Z = \frac{K_2 D_{ts} F_{em}}{K_0 (2 + P_e)} = \frac{24.536 (0.135) 0.0249 (4650)}{2.2 (2 + 0.141)} = 97 \text{ #}$$

Job #: 02.234

Date: 6/15/02

MODE I

$$Z = \frac{D^2}{K_D} \left[ \frac{2 \text{ Fem Fib}}{5(14 K_c)} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$Z = \frac{(0.145)^2}{2.2} \left[ \frac{2 \times 4050 \times 100,000}{5(1 + 0.141)} \right]^{1/2} = 136"$$

$$Z = 97" > 19" \text{ OK}$$

COUNTER BATTEN TO DELTA

LIFT

$$T = (11 \text{ psf} \times 8 \text{ ft}) \times 2' \times 2' = 12"$$

$$\text{New CAPACITY} = 50" \times 15/2 = 150" > 12"$$

HAT CHANNEL CAPACITY

SINCE THE HEAD OF THE 16d NAIL IS EQUIVALENT TO THE DIAMETER OF A #6 SCREW, THE PULL OUT (OR PULL THROUGH) VALUE IS 32 LBS PER THE ATTACHED CHART. THIS IS ADEQUATE TO RESIST THE APPLIED LIFT FORCE OF 12 LBS.

Job #: 02-239

Date: 10/15/02

BATTEN TO COUNTER BATTEN

SHEAR:

$V = 4.77 \text{ DSF} \times 20 \times 20 = 19\#$

A #8 SCREEN HAS A SHEAR VALUE OF 90 lbs

PER THE ATTACHED CHART THIS VALUE IS ADEQUATE TO RESIST THE APPLIED SHEAR FORCE OF 19 lbs

UPLIFT:

$T = (11 \text{ DSF} - 8 \text{ DSF}) 20 \times 20 = 12\#$

A #8 SCREEN HAS A PULLOUT VALUE OF 47 lbs

PER THE ATTACHED CHART THE VALUE IS ADEQUATE TO RESIST THE APPLIED UPLIFT FORCE OF 12 lbs

TILE TO BATTEN:

THE FOLLOWING IS BASED ON THE ASSUMPTION THAT TILE IS EQUIVALENT TO GYPSUM BOARD IN SHEAR, BEARING & FLEXURAL STRENGTH

SHEAR:

$V = 4.77 \text{ DSF} \times 1/2 (1 \text{ SCREEN PER TILE}) = 4.77 \text{ DSF}$

A QUADRI-TEC "12WESD104Z, 158Z" SCREEN HAS A CAPACITY OF 140 lb/ft<sup>2</sup> = 47 lbs (BASED ON A SAFETY FACTOR OF 3) THIS VALUE IS ADEQUATE TO RESIST THE APPLIED SHEAR FORCE

Job #: 02-234

Date: 6/15/02

TILE TO METAL

LIFT:

$$*V = (11 \text{ P.F.} + 8 \text{ P.F.}) = 19 \text{ lbs}$$

NO VALUES ARE GIVEN FOR THE PULL OUT OF GYPSUM BOARD (TILE) TO 22 GA METAL. HOWEVER, THE LIFT FAILURE MAY BE BROKEN INTO A MINIMUM OF 2 COMPONENTS. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DOCUMENT, THE 2 COMPONENTS OF CONCERN ARE THE SCREW TO TILE FAILURE AND THE SCREW TO METAL FAILURE. THE SCREW TO METAL CAPACITY IS PER THE ATTACHED QUIKDRIVE CHART AND IS  $105 \text{ lbs} / 2 = 52.5 \text{ lbs}$  (16 GA METAL W/ A SAFETY FACTOR = 2). THIS VALUE IS ADEQUATE TO RESIST THE APPLIED LIFT FORCE. THE SCREW TO TILE CAPACITY IS ADDRESSED AS FOLLOWS. THESE SCREWS ARE USED TO HOLD GYPSUM BOARD CEILING IN PLACE SINCE 1/2" THICK GYPSUM WEIGHS 5 P.F. (SUSTAINED LONG TERM LOAD) AND THE APPLIED LIFT FORCE IS 5 P.F. (SHORT TERM WIND LOAD). THESE VALUES ARE ADEQUATE BY OBSERVATION.

**WIND FORCE DISTRIBUTION:**

DESCRIPTION: Lateral Design Front - Rear Direction

**METHOD 2: Primary Frames and Systems**

$P = C_e C_q q_s I$		Formula 18-1
$C_e =$ Exposure factor	B	Table 16-G
$C_q =$ Pressure coeff.	1.3 or 1.4	Table 16-H
Basic wind speed	70	Figure 16-1
$q_s =$ wind stag. pressure	12.6	Table 16-F
$I_w =$ Importance factor	1	Table 16-K
Roof Pitch:	N	Ex: enter 6 if 6:12. For gabled end or hip roof elevation only. Otherwise, enter N

Level	Story Ht feet	Exposed Width (ft)	Projected Area (sf)	Diaphragm Shear (lbs)	Story Shear
Top of Roof	21	60			
1st floor top plate	9	78:75	1074.375	12671	
1st floor	0	78:75			12671

$P_{uplift} = C_e C_q q_s I$  8.44 psf

Note: The exposure coefficient,  $C_e$  is taken at the mean roof height

**METHOD 1: Elements and Components**

Not in areas of discontinuities (enclosed or unenclosed):

Interpolate between tributary areas of 10 and 100 sf

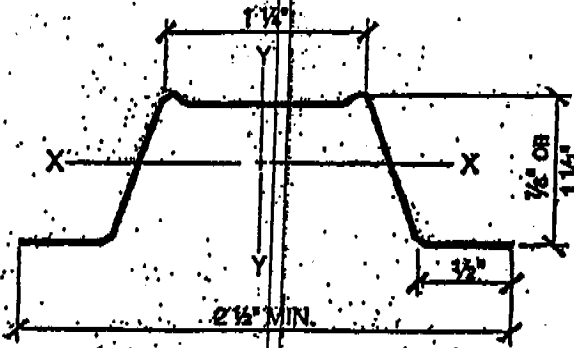
Wall Elements:			
	Direction of wind	Tributary Area (sf)	Pressure, p (psf)
Slope > 12:12	Inward	10	10.13
		100	7.60
	Outward	10	10.13
		100	7.60
Roof Elements:			
	Direction of wind	Tributary Area (sf)	Pressure, p (psf)
Slope < 7:12	Outward	10	10.97
		100	8.44
Slope 7:12 to 12:12	Inward	10	10.97
		100	18.27
	Outward	10	10.97
		100	8.44

## (Hat) Furring (F) Channel Section Properties

22 GAGE.

067F125-18	0.0178	0.0188	0.070	0.008	28.4
067F125-27	0.0289	0.0283	0.104	0.013	44.8
067F125-30	0.0298	0.0312	0.118	0.014	50.3
067F125-33	0.0329	0.0348	0.127	0.015	55.4
067F125-43	0.0428	0.0451	0.163	0.019	70.1
180F125-18	0.0179	0.0188	0.089	0.029	88.4
180F125-27	0.0289	0.0283	0.140	0.043	93.4
180F125-30	0.0298	0.0312	0.154	0.050	104.9
180F125-33	0.0329	0.0348	0.170	0.055	115.8
180F125-43	0.0428	0.0451	0.220	0.070	147.5

- Minimum bare metal thickness is 95% of design thickness.
- Moment of inertia given is for deflection calculations.
- Effective properties are given as the minimum value for either positive or negative bending.
- Effective properties based on  $F_y = 33$  ksi.



## (Hat) Furring (F) Channel Allowable Ceiling Spans L/240

067F125	18	30	33	43	Single	8'-2"	8'-3"	8'-4"	8'-5"	8'-6"	8'-7"	8'-8"	8'-9"	8'-10"	8'-11"	9'-0"
					Multiple	8'-0"	8'-10"	8'-1"	8'-2"	8'-3"	8'-4"	8'-5"	8'-6"	8'-7"	8'-8"	8'-9"
					Single	8'-2"	8'-3"	8'-4"	8'-5"	8'-6"	8'-7"	8'-8"	8'-9"	8'-10"	8'-11"	9'-0"
					Multiple	7'-7"	8'-7"	8'-8"	8'-9"	8'-10"	8'-11"	9'-0"	9'-1"	9'-2"	9'-3"	9'-4"
					Single	8'-10"	8'-11"	9'-0"	9'-1"	9'-2"	9'-3"	9'-4"	9'-5"	9'-6"	9'-7"	9'-8"
					Multiple	7'-7"	8'-7"	8'-8"	8'-9"	8'-10"	8'-11"	9'-0"	9'-1"	9'-2"	9'-3"	9'-4"
180F125	18	30	33	43	Single	7'-10"	7'-11"	8'-0"	8'-1"	8'-2"	8'-3"	8'-4"	8'-5"	8'-6"	8'-7"	8'-8"
					Multiple	8'-5"	9'-5"	9'-6"	9'-7"	9'-8"	9'-9"	9'-10"	9'-11"	10'-0"	10'-1"	10'-2"
					Single	8'-4"	8'-5"	8'-6"	8'-7"	8'-8"	8'-9"	8'-10"	8'-11"	9'-0"	9'-1"	9'-2"
					Multiple	11'-8"	10'-8"	10'-9"	10'-10"	10'-11"	11'-0"	11'-1"	11'-2"	11'-3"	11'-4"	11'-5"
					Single	10'-5"	10'-6"	10'-7"	10'-8"	10'-9"	10'-10"	10'-11"	11'-0"	11'-1"	11'-2"	11'-3"
					Multiple	12'-11"	11'-8"	10'-8"	10'-9"	10'-10"	10'-11"	11'-0"	11'-1"	11'-2"	11'-3"	11'-4"

Allowable ceiling spans based on effective properties.  
Multiple span indicates two or more equal spans with channel continuous over center support.  
Bearing length = 0.75".

## Screw Table Notes

1. Screw spacing and edge distance shall not be less than  $3 \times D$ . ( $D$  = Nominal screw diameter)
2. The allowable screw values are based on the steel properties of the members being connected, per AISI section E4.
3. When connecting materials of different metal thicknesses or yield strength, the lowest applicable values should be used.
4. Screw strength needs to be verified by the screw manufacturer.
5. Values include a 3.0 factor of safety.
6. Applied loads may be multiplied by 0.75 for seismic or wind loading, per AIDI A 5.1.3.
7. Penetration of screws through joined materials should not be less than 3 exposed threads. Screws should be installed and tightened in accordance with screw manufacturer's recommendations.
8. Values based on a tensile to yield steel property ratio of 1.08.

## Allowable Loads For Screw Connections

BATTEN TO COUNTER BATTEN  
METAL TO METAL

12. GAGE

		33		36		45		55		60		60	
18	0.0188	33	36	45	55	60	60	41					
27	0.0283	33	36	45	55	60	60	62					
30	0.0312	33	36	45	55	60	60	63					
		33		36		45		55		60		60	
68	0.0713	33	36	45	55	60	60	118					
87	0.1017	33	36	45	55	60	60	158					
84	0.0588	50	54	60	60	60	60	222					
88	0.0718	50	54	60	60	60	60	222					
87	0.1017	50	54	60	60	60	60	222					

## Weld Table Notes

1. Weld capacities based on AISI, section E2.
2. When connecting materials of different metal thickness or yield strength, the lowest applicable values should be used.
3. Values include a 2.5 factor of safety.
4. Applied loads may be multiplied by 0.75 for seismic or wind loading, per AISI A 5.1.3.
5. Values based on a tensile to yield steel property ratio of 1.08.

## Allowable Loads For Fillet Welds And Flare Groove Welds

		33		36	
43	0.0461	33	36	482	
54	0.0588	33	36	605	
		60		54	
43	0.0461	60	54	731	
54	0.0588	60	54	917	

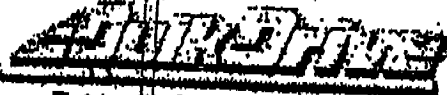
## Pull & Shear Testing

Test data provided by screw suppliers and is not certified by Quik-Drive USA, Inc.

SCREW	Ultimate Loads (lbs)						
	12	14	16	18	20	22	28
Pull test for screws: one piece metal.							
	(steel gauge)						
DWF114, 158		828	634	450	272		185
PHSS-1, 34, 114		828	634	450	272		185
PHSD-1, 34, 114		735	590	344	288		160
→ DWFS114Z, 158Z		705	523	320	231		105
DWC114, 158, 178		624	538		270		
Shear strength test for screws: metal to metal ultimate load (lbs)							

	12	14	16	18	20	22	28
(steel gauge)							
DWF114, 158			957		690	670	320
PHSS-1, 34, 114			957		690	670	320
PHSD-1, 34, 114			1140	1040	805	658	320
DWFS114Z, 158Z			1220	760	613	505	
Shear test: gypsum board to metal (pounds)							
	(steel gauge)						
→ DWFS114Z, 158Z		18ga		18ga		22ga	140
DWF114, 114-PH, 158		130		135			180
		147		153			

### Technical Data



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 E-mail: info@QuikDrive.com

FOR ATTACHING TILE TO METAL BATTEN